

PAL-EUV Beam Dynamics study

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Outline

❖ PAL-EUV booster

- Current design
- Alternative design (preliminary)
- Comparison

❖ PAL-EUV storage ring

- Current design
- Alternative design (preliminary)
- Comparison

❖ Summary

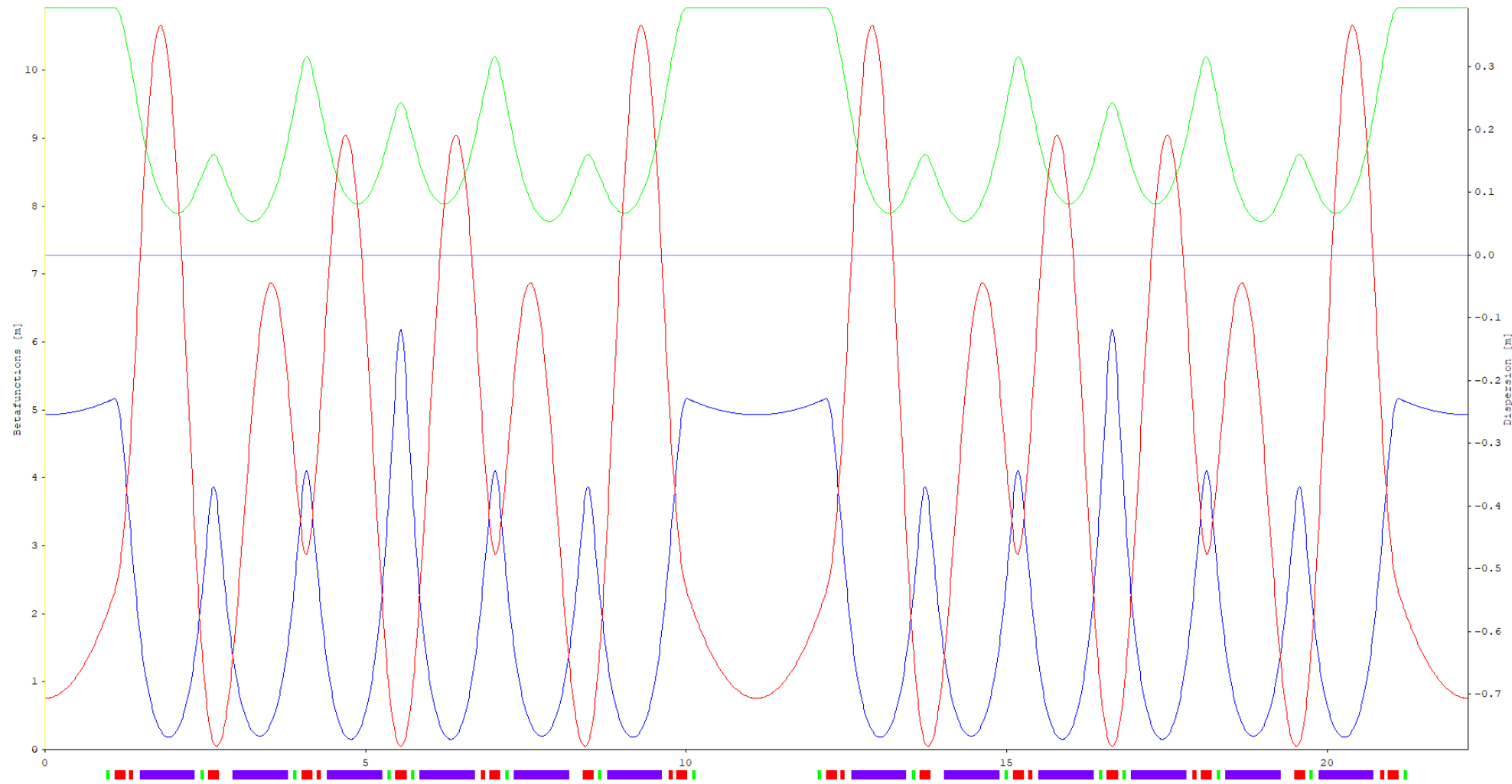
Motivation

- PAL-EUV is a compact size accelerator complex consists of gun, 20 MeV linac, 22.2 m booster and 36.0 m – 400 MeV storage ring
- Although it has compact size, its nonlinear property is as strong as a typical 4GSR machine (e.g. small dynamic aperture, small momentum aperture)
- This study investigates dynamic property of current PAL-EUV design and explores alternative designs providing better nonlinearity and robustness
- Design of compact size and low energy storage ring is somewhat delicate due to
 - Long damping time (damping time $\propto \frac{1}{E^3}$)
 - Short Touschek lifetime (Touschek lifetime $\propto E^3$)
 - Strong dipole edge-focusing effect
 - Dense arrangement of magnets and possible strong cross-talk

❖ PAL-EUV booster

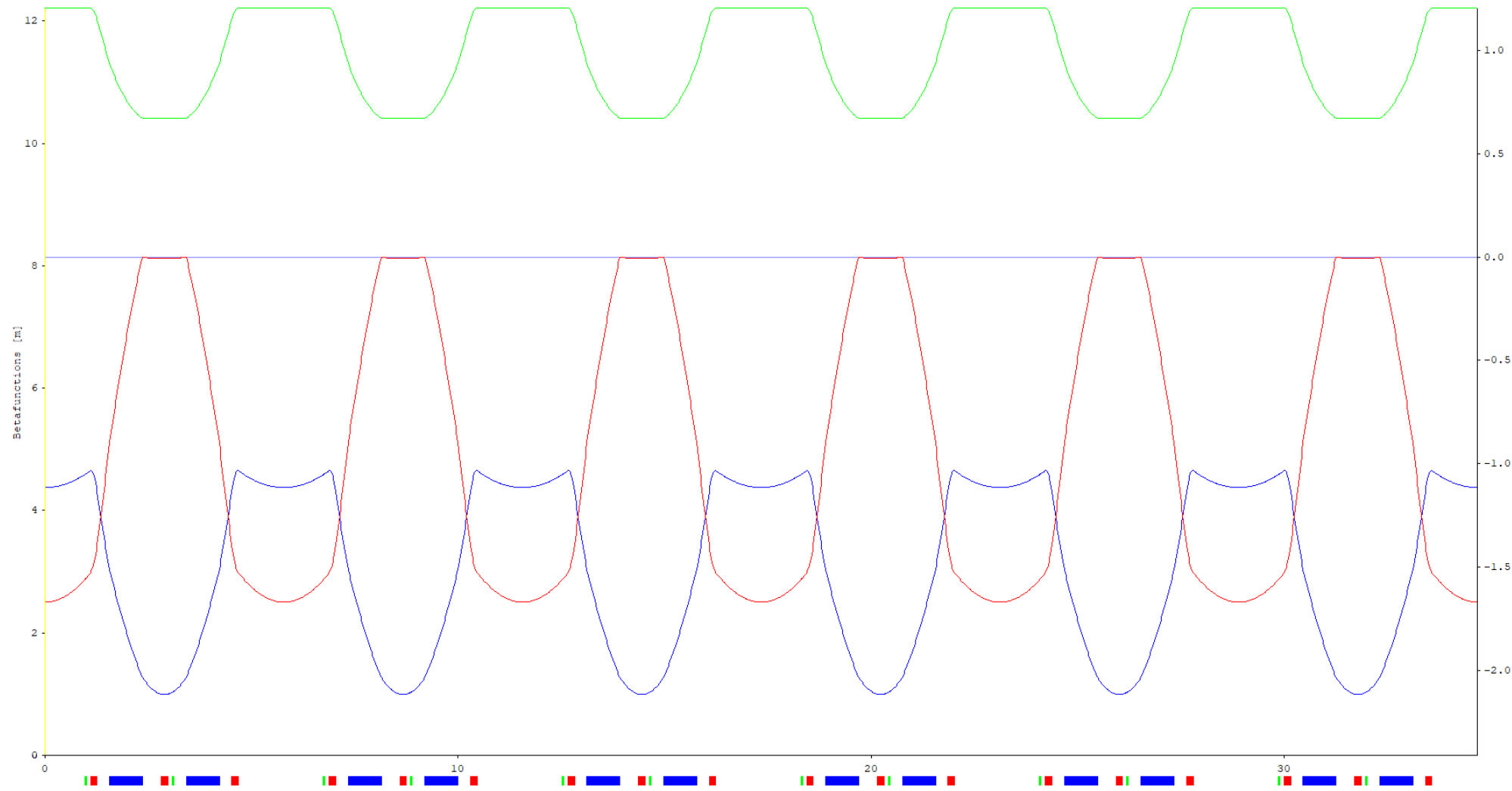
- Current design
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PAL-EUV booster (current design)



Parameters	Value
Energy (MeV)	20 - 400
Circumference (m)	22.20
Equilibrium emittance (nm) @400 MeV	1.75
Tunes (H,V)	4.84 / 3.66
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-11.2/ -15.7
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	2.0459
Momentum compaction	2.798×10^{-2}
Energy spread (σ_δ) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.019×10^{-3} / 0.389×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV) @20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.0 / 1.4
Main RF voltage (keV)	70
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	166066 / 339759 / 356113 20.76 / 42.47 / 44.51

PAL-EUV booster alternative design (preliminary)



Parameters	Value
Energy (MeV)	20 - 400
Circumference (m)	34.680
Equilibrium emittance (nm) @400 MeV	30.96
Tunes (H,V)	2.42, 1.38
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-2.1, -1.8
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	1.648
Momentum compaction	0.1408
Energy spread (σ_δ) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.014×10^{-3} / 0.285×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV) @20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.0 / 1.5
Main RF voltage (keV)	70
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	450494 / 499538 / 264147 56.31 / 62.44 / 33.02

Comparison on lattice parameters and magnets

Lattice parameters

Parameters	Current design	Alternative design
Energy (MeV)	20 - 400	20 - 400
Circumference (m)	22.20	34.680
Equilibrium emittance (nm) @400 MeV	1.75	30.96
Tunes (H,V)	4.84 / 3.66	2.42, 1.38
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-11.2/ -15.7	-2.1, -1.8
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	2.0459	1.648
Momentum compaction	2.798×10^{-2}	0.1408
Energy spread (σ_δ) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.019×10^{-3} / 0.389×10^{-3}	0.014×10^{-3} / 0.285×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV) @20 MeV / 400 MeV	0.0 / 1.4	0.0 / 1.5
Main RF voltage (keV)	70	70
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms) @ 20 MeV / 400 MeV	166066 / 339759 / 356113 20.76 / 42.47 / 44.51	450494 / 499538 / 264147 56.31 / 62.44 / 33.02

Magnet specifications

-Normalized strengths are in MAD unit

Current design

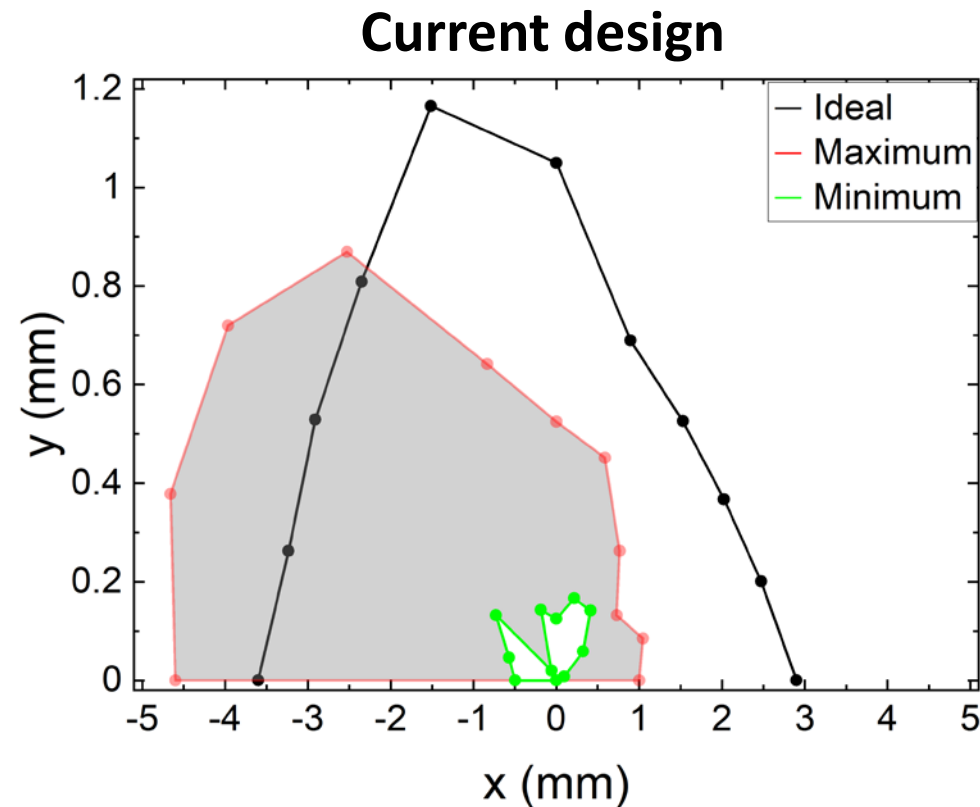
Type	EA	Length	Max. strength
Bend (combined function of bend-quad-sext)	12	0.85 m	B0 = 0.822 [T] K1 = -3.448 [$1/m^{-2}$] K2 = -21.576 [$1/m^{-3}$]
16 cm quad	14	0.16 m	K1 = 20.30 [$1/m^{-2}$]
6 cm quad	8	0.06 m	K1 = 4.52 [$1/m^{-2}$]
Sext	16	0.04 m	K2 = 1116.4 [$1/m^{-3}$]

Alternative design

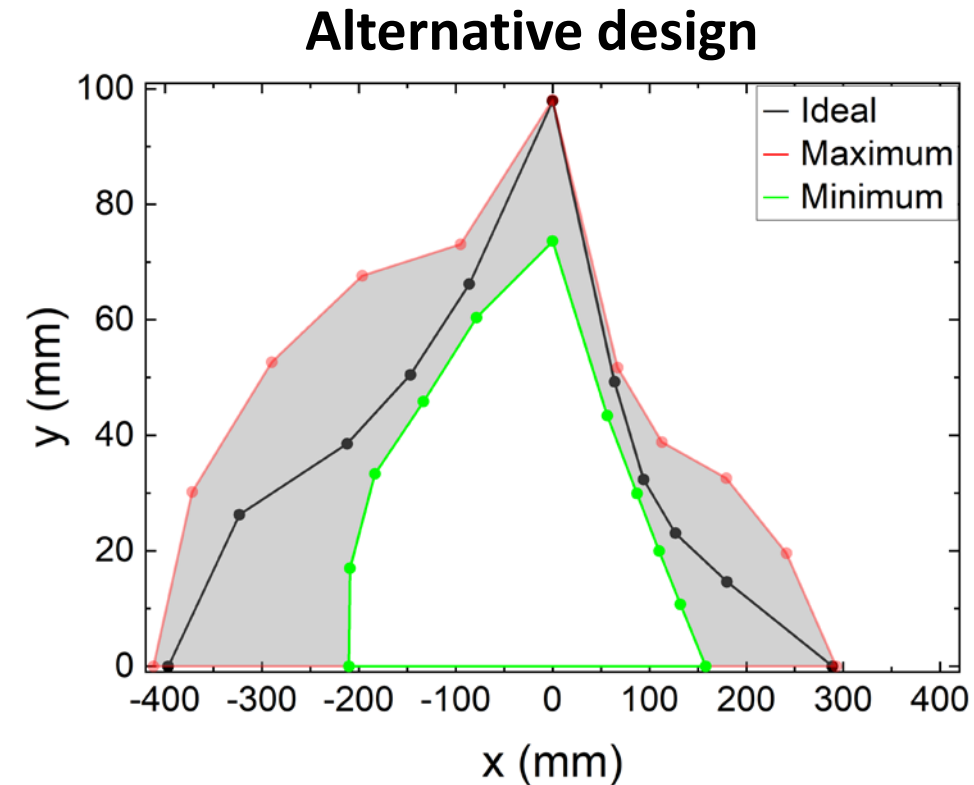
Type	EA	Length	Max. strength
Bend (combined function of bend-quad)	12	0.80 m	B0 = 0.874 [T] K1 = -0.260 [$1/m^{-2}$]
16 cm quad*	18	0.16 m	K1 = 3.70 [$1/m^{-2}$]
Sext*	12	0.04 m	K2 = -36.9 [$1/m^{-3}$]

*reusable

Comparison on dynamic aperture



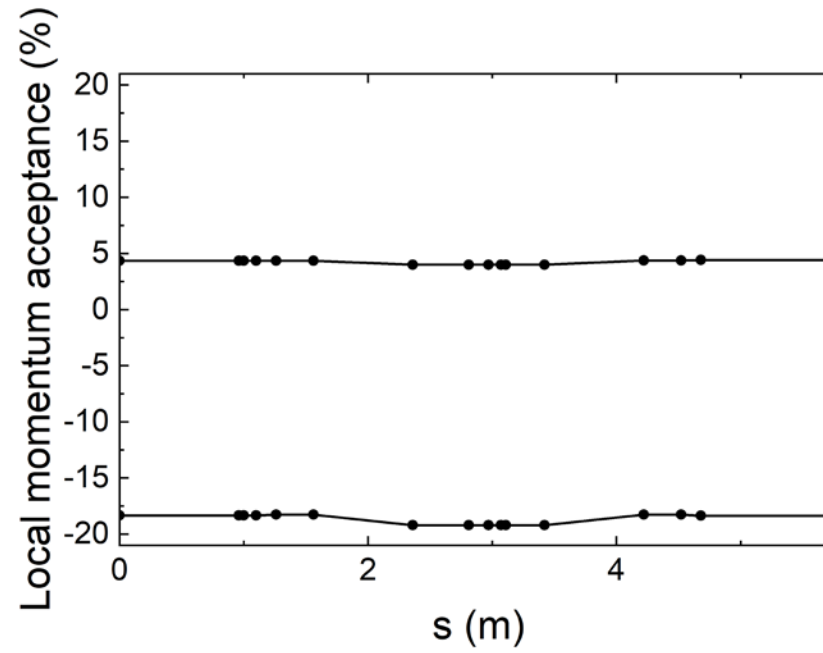
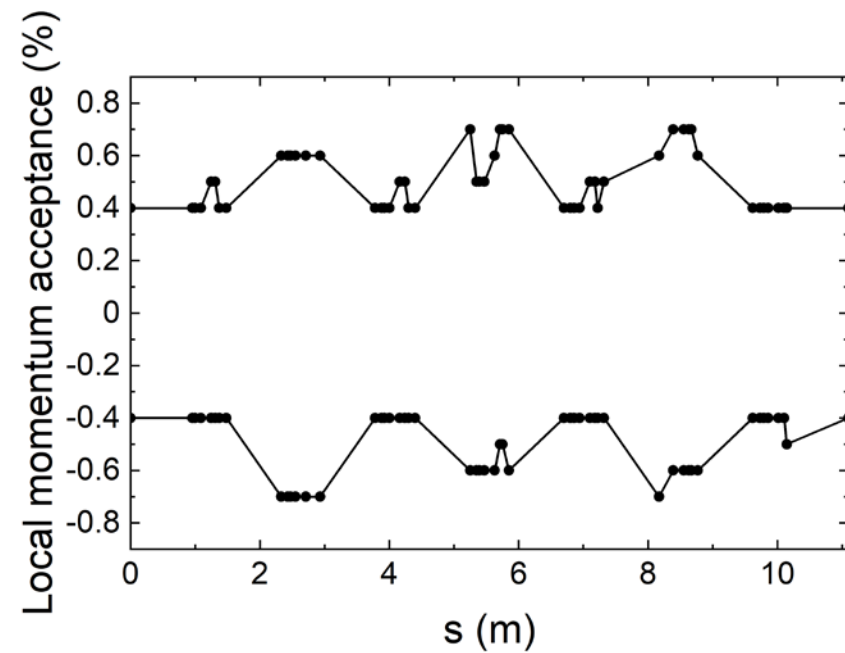
Random errors on magnet misalignment
(rms value, 2-sigma cut used):
30 μm in H/V , 250 μm in L



Random errors on magnet misalignment
(rms value, 2-sigma cut used):
300 μm in H/V , 2500 μm in L

- ❖ turn = 4096, rf on, sr on, no physical aperture used
- ❖ Correction (i.g., orbit correction, LOCO) is not applied for each seed
- ❖ 100 error seeds
- ❖ The new design rarely reduces for the error which means it is much robust for the error.
- ❖ **For original lattice, only 3 error seeds have a stable dynamic aperture, for new lattice, all 100 error seeds have it.**

Comparison on momentum aperture



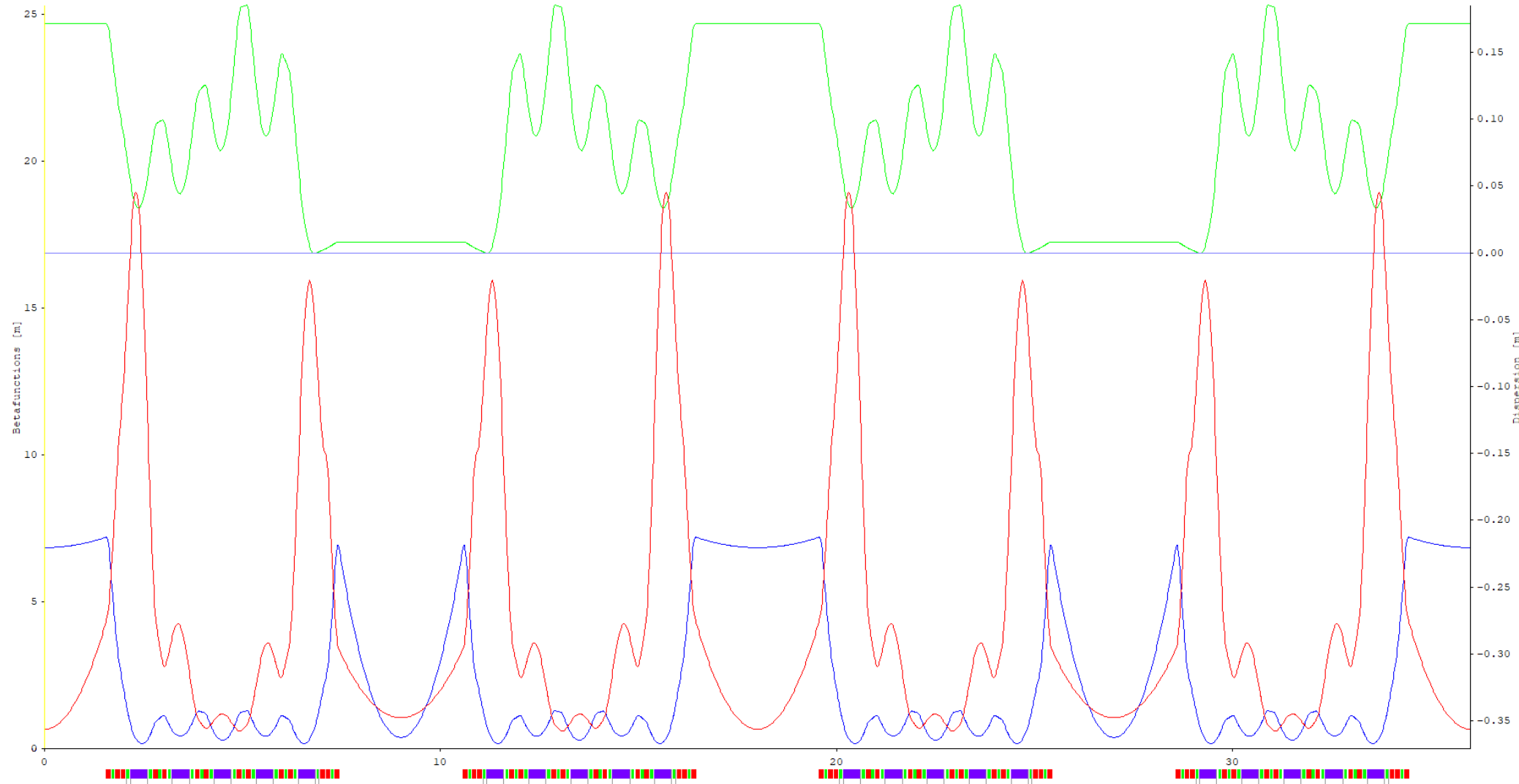
Ideal lattice	Touschek Lifetime [h]
Original	0.11
New	20916.56

- ❖ Turn = 8192, rf on, sr on, no physical aperture used
- ❖ Charge = 10 pC, Rf voltage = 70 KeV, rf frequency ~ 500 MHz, coupling = 10%, IBS effect not considered.
- ❖ **Ideal local momentum acceptance is much bigger for new design than that of original design.**
- ❖ **Large local momentum acceptance results in long Touschek lifetime for the new design case.**

❖ PAL-EUV storage ring

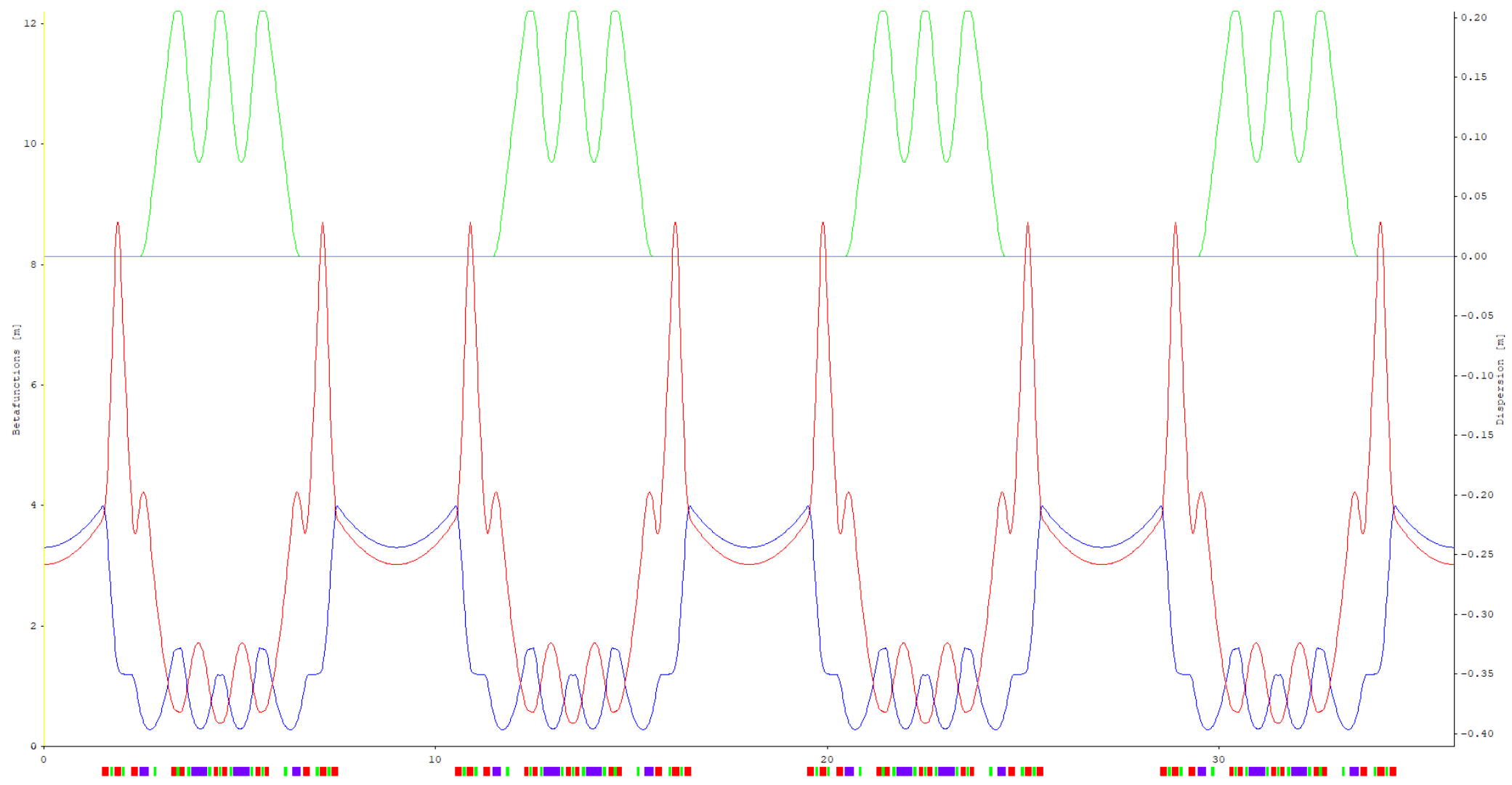
- Current design
- Alternative design (preliminary)
- Comparison

PAL-EUV SR parameters



Parameters	Value
Energy (MeV)	400
Circumference (m)	36.0
Emittance (nm)	1.18
Tunes (H,V)	7.15, 3.14
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-10.7, -16.9
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	1.86
Momentum compaction	1.036×10^{-2}
Energy spread (σ_δ)	0.389×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV)	1.7
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms)	31.14 / 58.07 / 51.15
Beam current (mA)	140

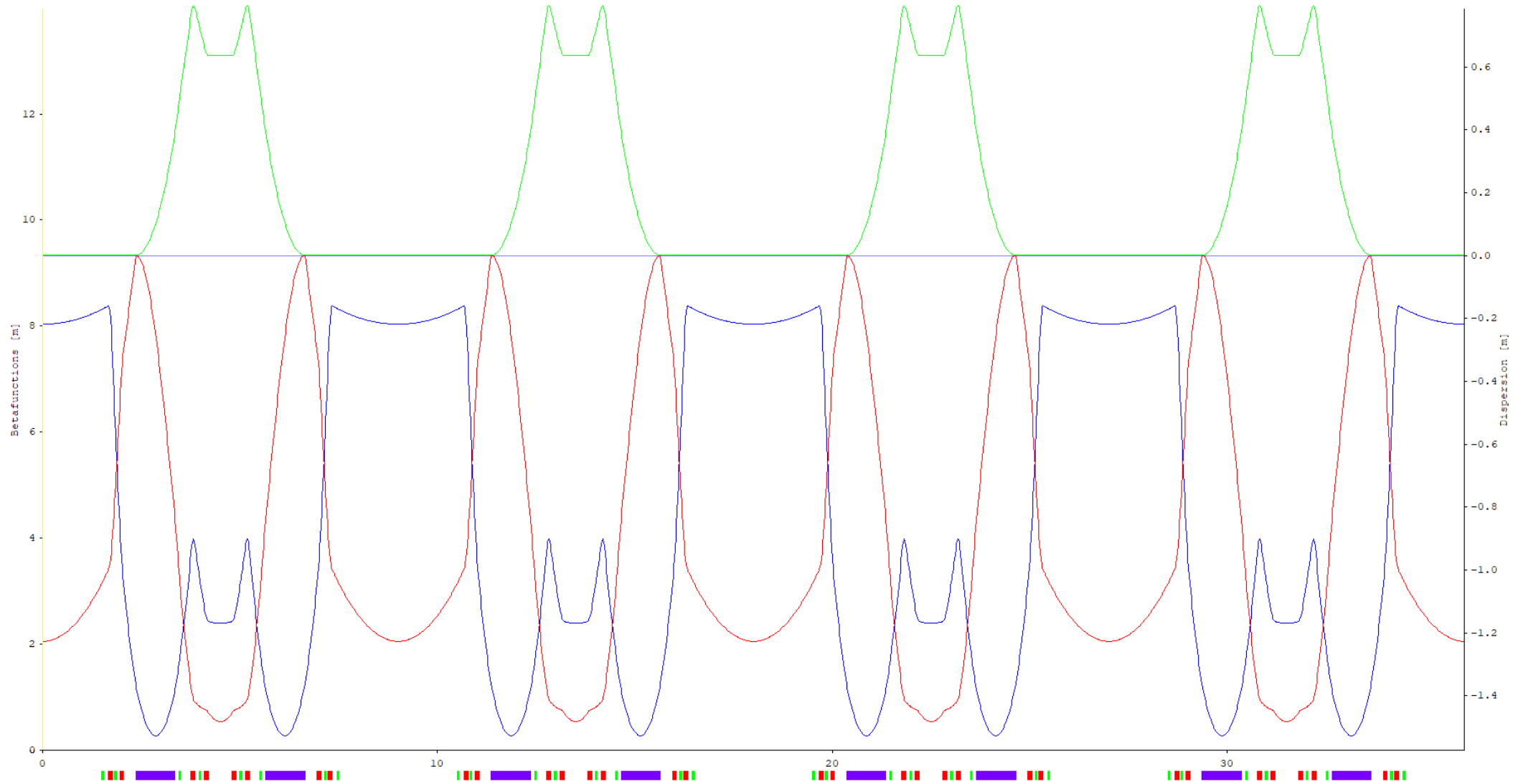
PAL-EUV SR alternative design-1 (preliminary)



4-bend achromat

Parameters	Value
Energy (MeV)	400
Circumference (m)	36.0
Emittance (nm)	3.51
Tunes (H,V)	6.22 / 3.34
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-7.2, -8.4
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	1.696
Momentum compaction	1.1×10^{-2}
Energy spread (σ_δ)	0.467×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV)	3.0
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms)	20.40 / 32.41 / 22.97

PAL-EUV SR alternative design-2 (preliminary)



Double-bend achromat

Parameters	Value
Energy (MeV)	400
Circumference (m)	36.0
Emittance (nm)	11.10
Tunes (H,V)	3.86 / 2.73
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-7.7, -5.6
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	1.29
Momentum compaction	2.294×10^{-2}
Energy spread (σ_δ)	0.314×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV)	1.8
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms)	47.76 / 54.02 / 28.90

Comparison on lattice parameters

Lattice parameters

Parameters	Current design (5BA)	Alternative design-1 (4BA)	Alternative design-2 (DBA)
Energy (MeV)	400	400	400
Circumference (m)	36.0	36.0	36.0
Emittance (nm)	1.18	3.51	11.10
Tunes (H,V)	7.15, 3.14	6.22 / 3.34	3.86 / 2.73
Natural chromaticity (H,V)	-10.7, -16.9	-7.2, -8.4	-7.7, -5.6
Chromaticity (corrected) (H,V)	1, 1	1, 1	1, 1
Hor. Damping partition	1.86	1.696	1.29
Momentum compaction	1.036×10^{-2}	1.1×10^{-2}	2.294×10^{-2}
Energy spread (σ_δ)	0.389×10^{-3}	0.467×10^{-3}	0.314×10^{-3}
Energy loss per turn (keV)	1.7	3.0	1.8
Damping time (H/V/Z) (ms)	31.14 / 58.07 / 51.15	20.40 / 32.41 / 22.97	47.76 / 54.02 / 28.90

Comparison on magnets

Magnet specifications

-Normalized strengths are in MAD unit

Current design

Type	EA	Length	Max. strength
Bend (combined function of bend-quad)	20	0.43 m	$B_0 = 0.974$ [T] $K_1 = -5.59$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
10 cm quad	56	0.10 m	$K_1 = 23.74$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
Sext	64	0.05 m	$K_2 = 1818.81$ [$1/m^{-3}$]

Alternative design-1 (4BA)

Type	EA	Length	Max. strength
40 cm bend (combined function of bend-quad)	8	0.40 m	$B_0 = 1.747$ [T] $K_1 = -7$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
20 cm bend (combined function of bend-quad)	8	0.20 m	$B_0 = 1.747$ [T] $K_1 = -6.39$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
10 cm quad*	24	0.10 m	$K_1 = 23.68$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
15 cm quad	24	0.15 m	$K_1 = 15.37$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
Sext*	52	0.05 m	$K_2 = 1730.3$ [$1/m^{-3}$]

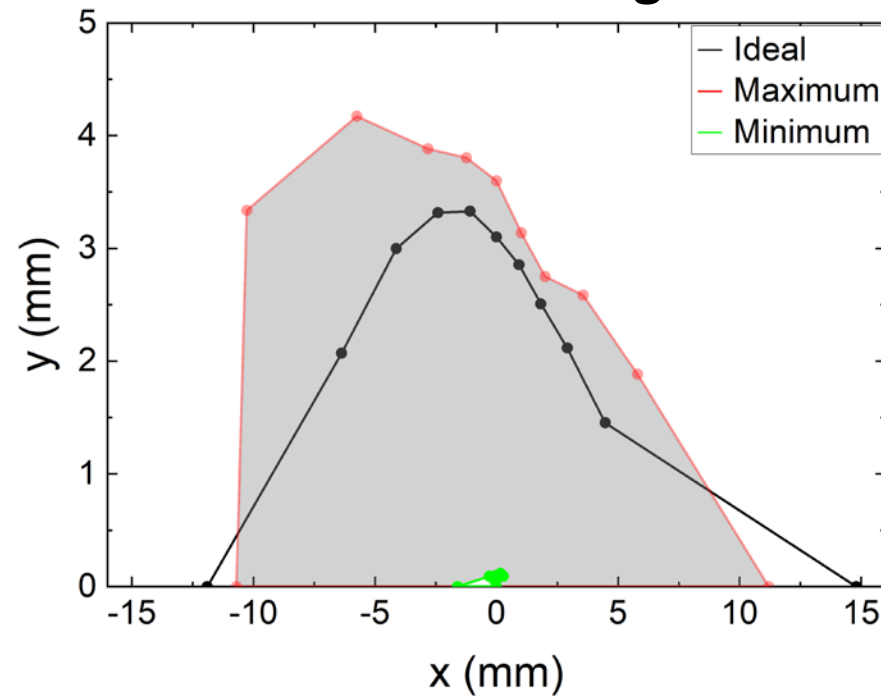
Alternative design-2 (DBA)

Type	EA	Length	Max. strength
Bend (combined function of bend-quad)	8	1.0 m	$B_0 = 1.047$ [T] $K_1 = -0.7$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
10 cm quad*	32	0.10 m	$K_1 = 18.20$ [$1/m^{-2}$]
Sext*	32	0.05 m	$K_2 = 711.0$ [$1/m^{-3}$]

*reusable

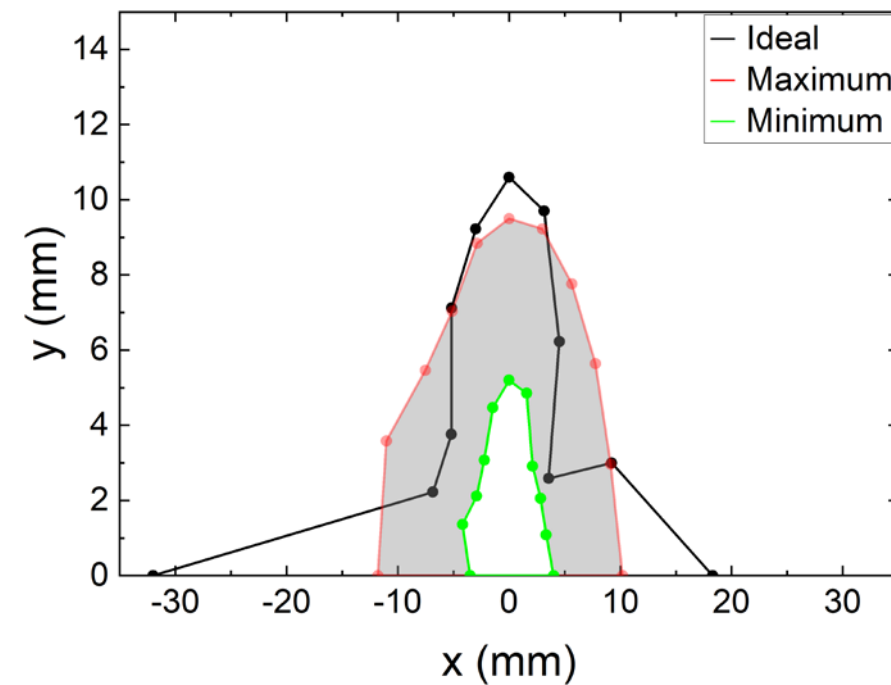
Comparison on dynamic aperture

Current design



Random errors on magnet misalignment
(rms value, 2-sigma cut used):
30 μ m in H/V , 250 μ m in L

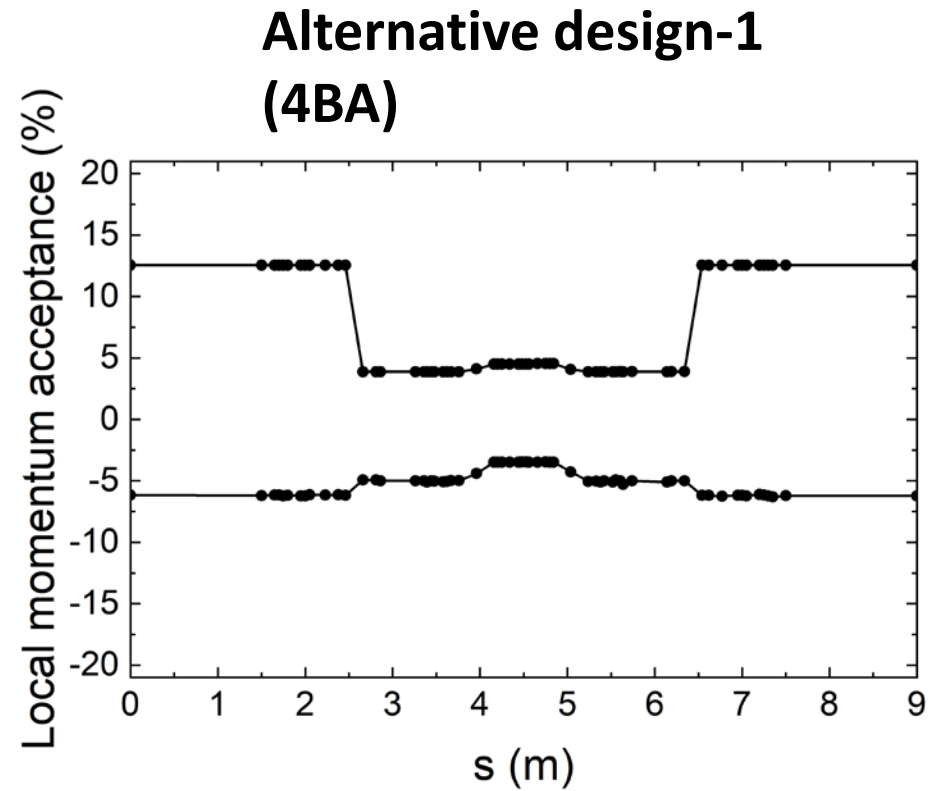
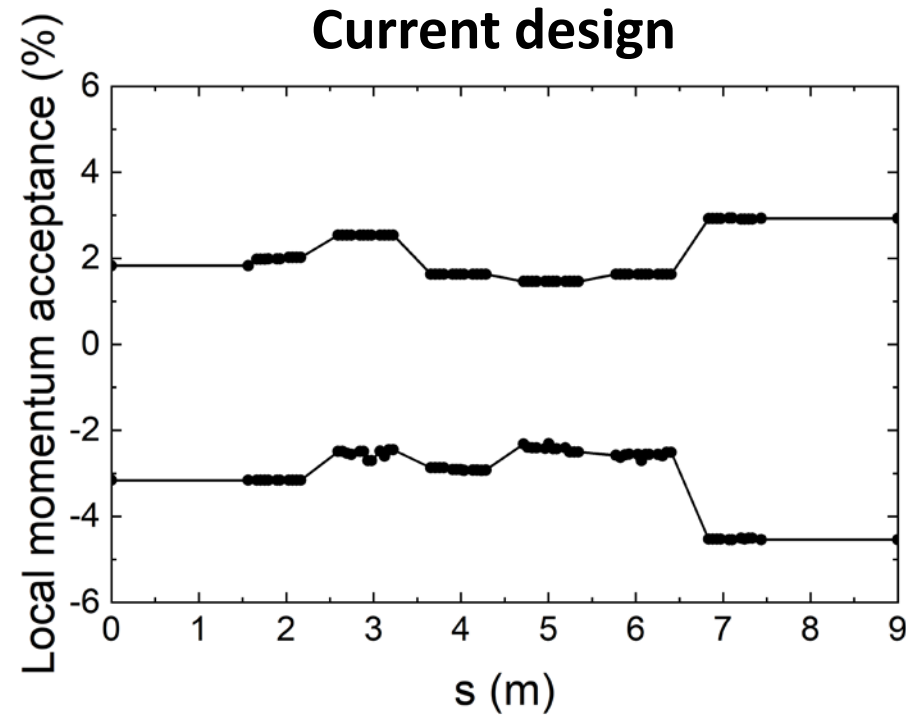
Alternative design-1
(4BA)



Random errors on magnet misalignment
(rms value, 2-sigma cut used):
30 μ m in H/V , 250 μ m in L

- ❖ rf on, sr on, no physical aperture used
- ❖ 100 error seeds, turn = 4096
- ❖ Correction (i.g., orbit correction, LOCO) is not applied for each seed
- ❖ The new design rarely reduces for the error which means it is much robust for the error.
- ❖ **For original lattice, only 24 error seeds have a stable dynamic aperture, for new lattice, all 100 error seeds have it.**

Comparison on momentum aperture



Ideal lattice	Touschek Lifetime [h]
Original	26.49
New	1122.01

- ❖ Turn = 1024, rf on, sr on, no physical aperture used
- ❖ Charge = 10 pC, Rf voltage = 70 KeV, rf frequency ~ 500 MHz, coupling = 10%, IBS effect not considered.
- ❖ **Ideal local momentum acceptance is much bigger for new design than that of original design.**
- ❖ **Large local momentum acceptance results in long Touschek lifetime for the new design case.**

Dipole edge-focusing and tune change

- Including dipole edge-focusing result in tune change in vertical plane
- For a sector bend magnet (pole-face rotation angle = 0), edge focusing at each pole-face is described by a matrix R

$$R = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{\tan(\psi)}{\rho} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

where $\psi = \kappa_1 \left(\frac{g}{\rho}\right)$

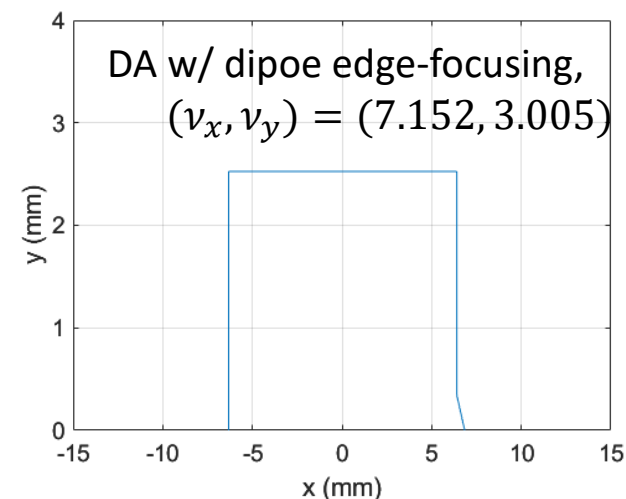
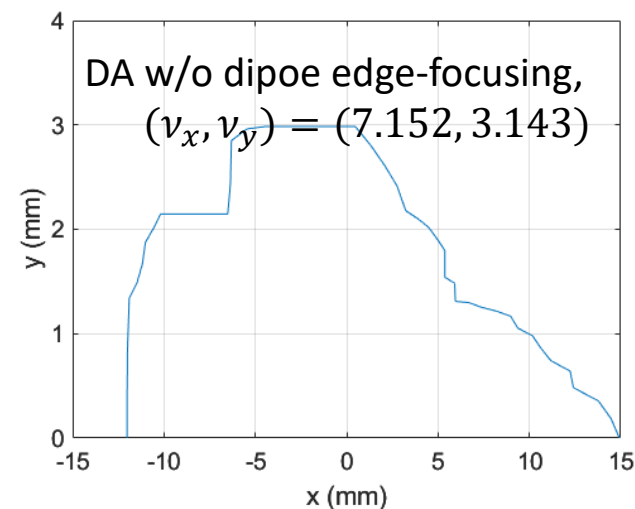
ρ = Bending radius of central trajectory

g = Total gap of magnet

κ_1 = An integral related to the extent of the fringing field of a bending magnet

-Current storage ring design has $\rho = 1.3698$ m, $g = 0.024$ m and $\kappa_1 = 0.5$

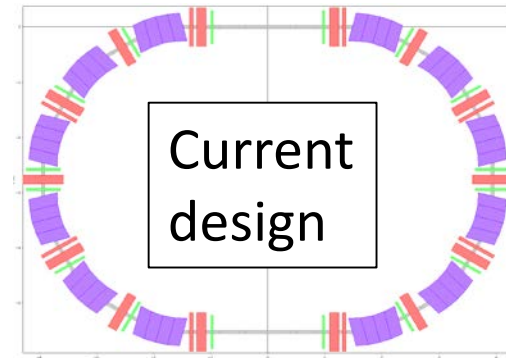
-Including dipole edge-focusing changes tune from $(\nu_x, \nu_y) = (7.152, 3.143)$ to $(\nu_x, \nu_y) = (7.152, 3.005)$



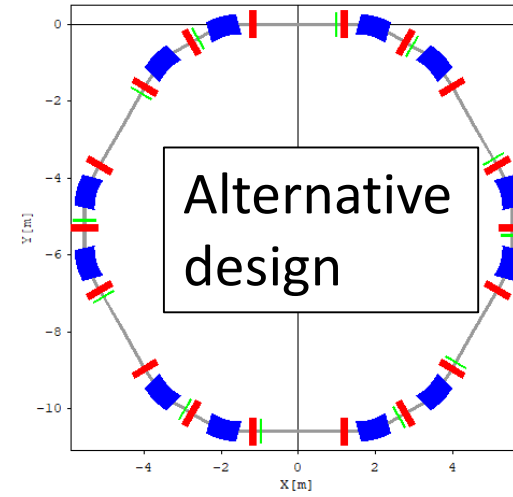
Tune adjustment is required after including effect of dipole edge-focusing, in order to restore dynamic aperture

2D geometry

PAL-EUV booster

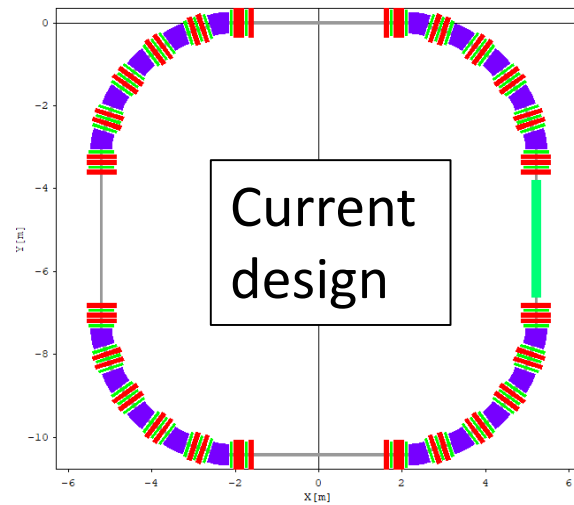


C = 22.2 m

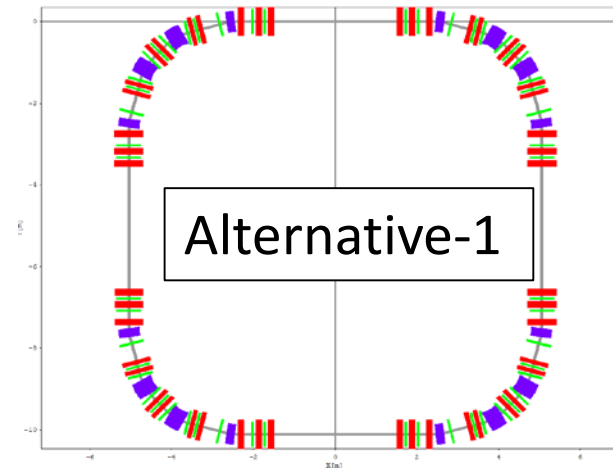


C = 34.68 m

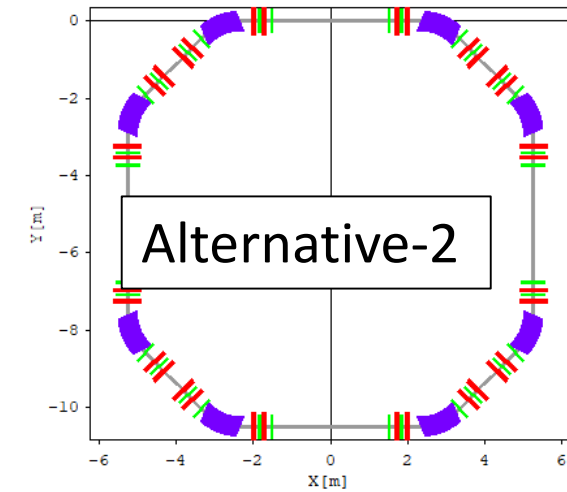
PAL-EUV storage ring



C = 36.0 m



C = 36.0 m



C = 36.0 m

Summary

- Beam Dynamics study on current PAL-EUV lattice design and alternative designs are performed
- Still working on finding an alternative design which keeps current lattice arrangement
- Presented alternative designs aim for relaxed nonlinear properties and robustness against alignment/roll/field errors
- Magnet reusability is also considered

- Alternative design on booster is much more robust against errors, but it doesn't fit current 22.2 m geometry
- Alternative design-1 on storage ring can provide similar dynamic aperture to that of current design but can provide much longer Touschek lifetime

Thank you for your attention

