

IAC 2023

Overview of 10 Priority Beamlines for 4GSR and Construction States

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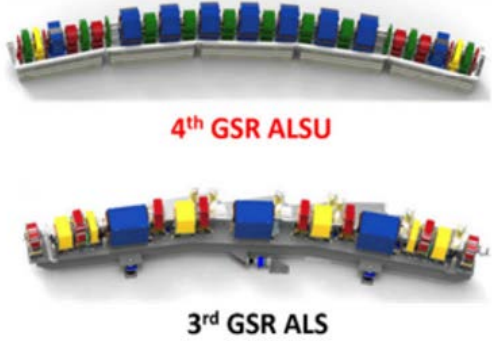
November 13, 2023



Outline

1. Introduction
2. Present status for beamline construction
3. Future Plan
4. Summary

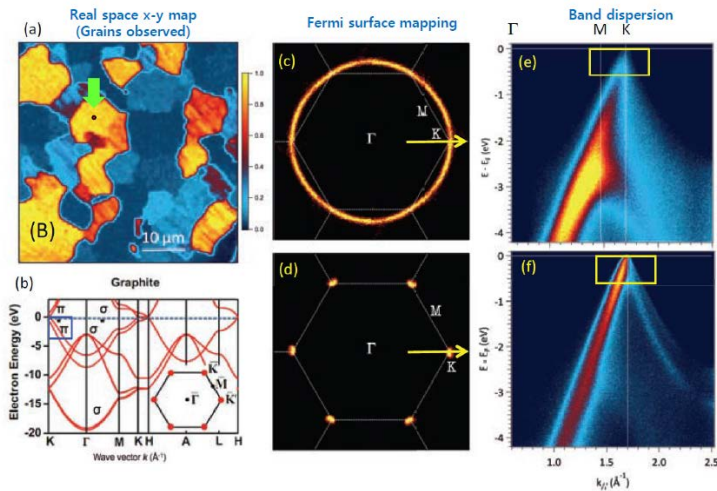
❖ 3GSR, DBA→4GSR, MBA



4GSR

- ✓ Brighter
- ✓ More coherent
- ✓ Low emittance

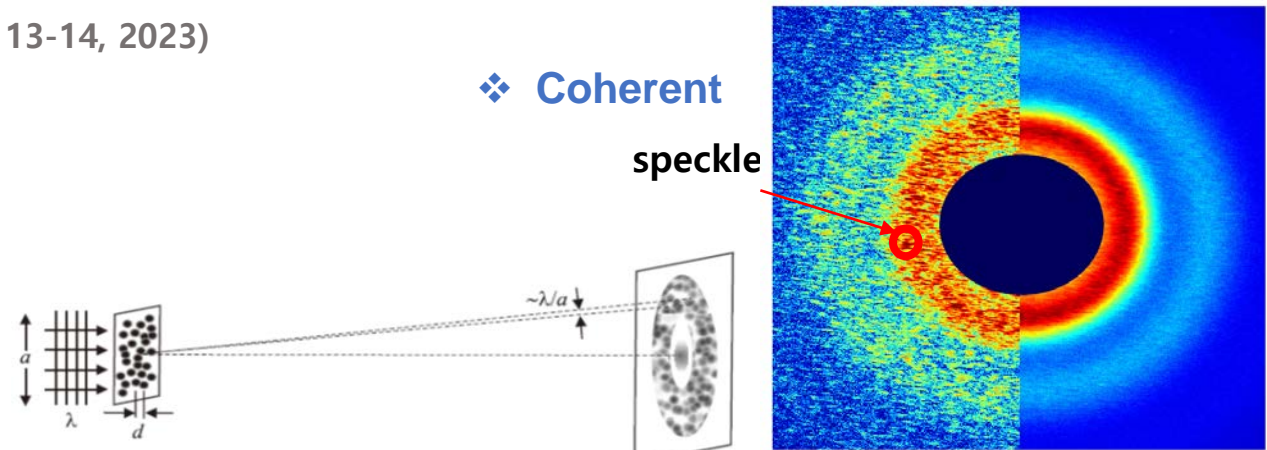
❖ NanoARPES results on HOPG sample obtained with the ANTARES microscope



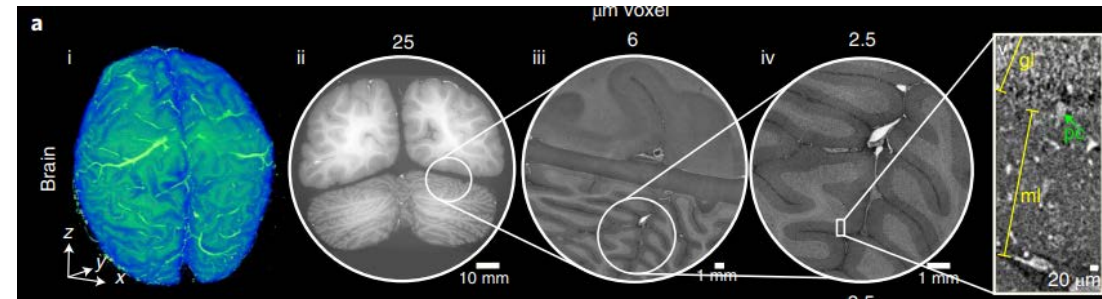
u-spot ARPES
~ 90 μm
(multi-domain)

nano-spot ARPES
~ 100 nm
(single-domain)

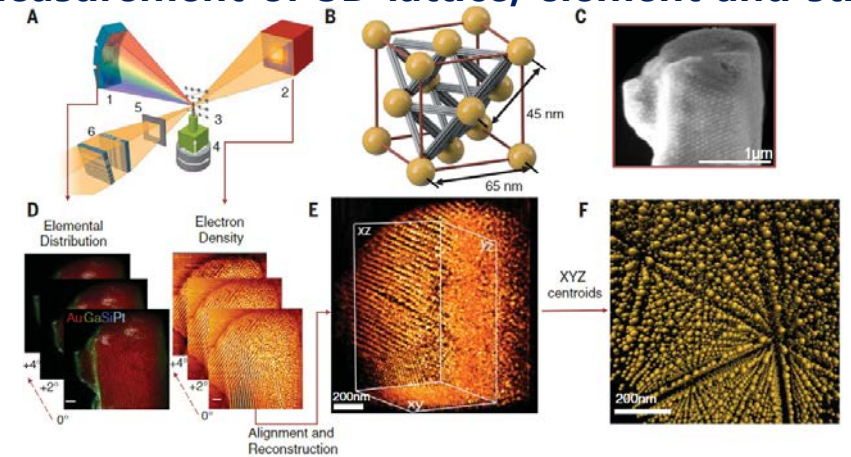
❖ Coherent



❖ High-sensitivity image acquisition through phase-contrast X-ray imaging



❖ Measurement of 3D lattice, element and strain



Beamlines in Phase-I

4GSR Outline

❖ Multipurpose Synchrotron Radiation Construction Project

- Period: 2021 July to 2027 June (6yrs)
- Budget: 1.0454 Trillion KRW (\approx USD 750M)
- Land: 540,000 m² / Building: 69,400 m²
- Location: Ochang, Chungcheongbuk-do



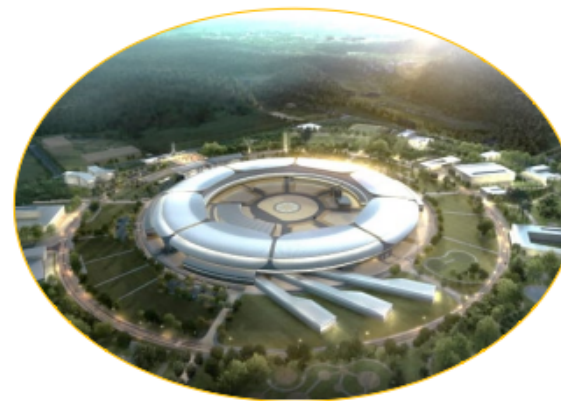
Specifications

- Beam Energy: 4 GeV
- Beam Emittance: less than 100 pm·rad (CDR: 58 pm·rad)
- Circumference: 800m
- Beamlines : more than 40
- Accelerator: Gun, Injector LINAC, 4 GeV Booster
- Lattice: MBA-7 Bend Achromat

- ① BioPharma-BioSAXS
- ② Material Structure Analysis
- ③ Soft X-ray Nano-probe
- ④ Nanoscale Angle-resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy
- ⑤ Coherent X-ray Diffraction
- ⑥ Coherent Small-angle X-ray Scattering
- ⑦ Real-time X-ray Absorption Fine Structure
- ⑧ Bio Nano crystallography
- ⑨ High Energy Microscopy
- ⑩ Nano-probe

Priority support
for industries

Support
for Academic R&D

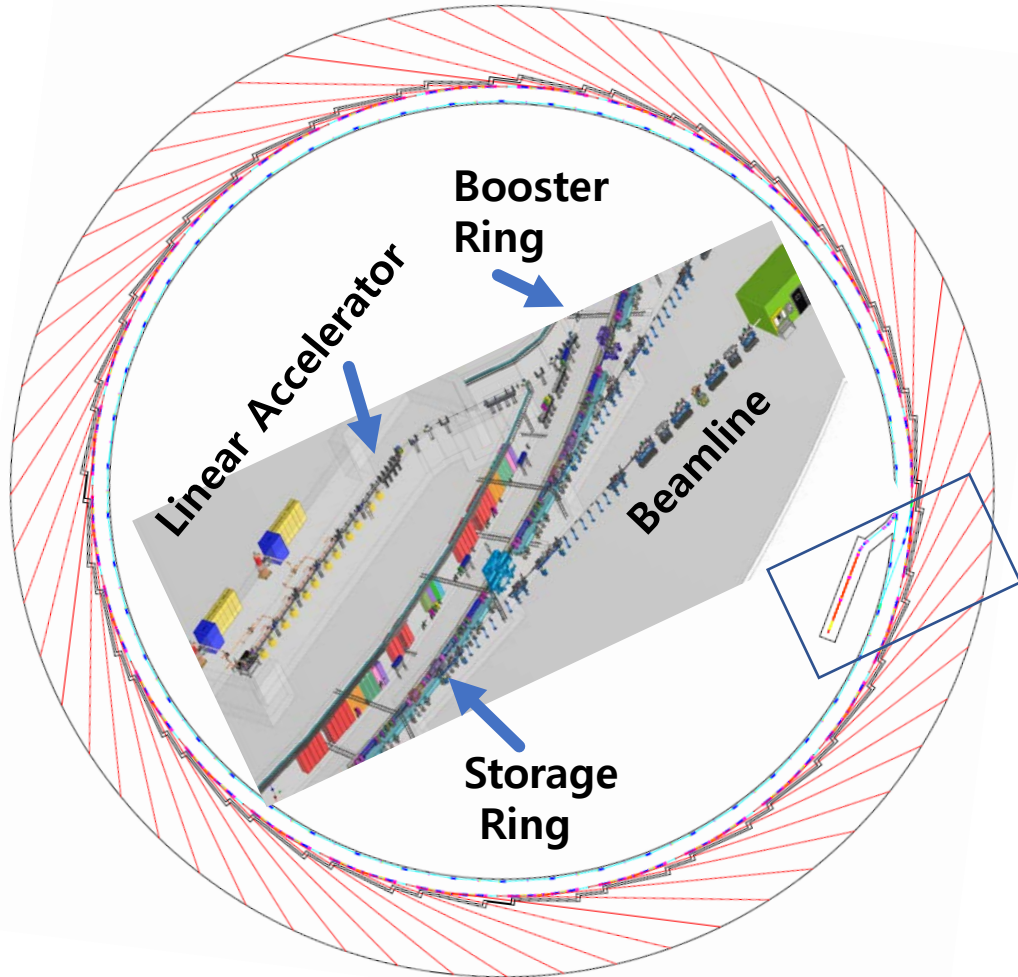


Beamline	Photon Energy	Resolution	Photon Source	Exp.	Application
① BioPharma-BioSAXS	5~20 keV	SAXS: 1 Å 이하 $\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	IVU	① Bio-SAXS	Bio.
② Material Structure Analysis	5~40 keV	$\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	Undulator	① XRD ② XAFS	Material Science, Energy material
③ Soft X-ray Nano-probe	0.1~5.0 keV	sub-micro beam $\Delta E/E > 15 \times 10^{-4} @ 1 \text{keV}$	EPU	① XAS ② XPS	Semiconductor, Material Science
④ Nanoscale Angle-resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy	0.1~2 keV	100 nm < $\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	Undulator	① Nano-ARPE S	Semiconductor, Material Science
⑤ Coherent X-ray Diffraction	3~30 keV	sub-micro beam	Undulator	① XRD ② CDI	Semiconductor, Material Science Geosciences, Chemistry
⑥ Coherent Small-angle X-ray Scattering	4~40 keV	~ a few nm ~ μm $\Delta E/E < 2 \times 10^{-4}$	IVU	① SAXS/WAXS (GI 기법 포함) ② XPCS	Material Science, Chemistry
⑦ Real-time X-ray Absorption Fine Structure	5~40 keV	~ a few μm	Undulator	① XAFS	Material Science, Environments, Geosciences, Chemistry
⑧ Bio Nano crystallography	5~20 keV	1 Å <	IVU	① MX	Bio.
⑨ High Energy Microscopy	5 ~ 100 keV	Spatial R. ~ 0.1 μm	Superbend	① Projection imaging	Material Science, Energy material, Bio
⑩ Nano-probe	5~25 keV	~50nm NanoProbe 1~10 μm MicroProbe	IVU	① Ptychography/XRF ② XRS	Semiconductor, Material Science, Geosciences, Chemistry, Environments

Priority support for industries

Support for Academic R&D

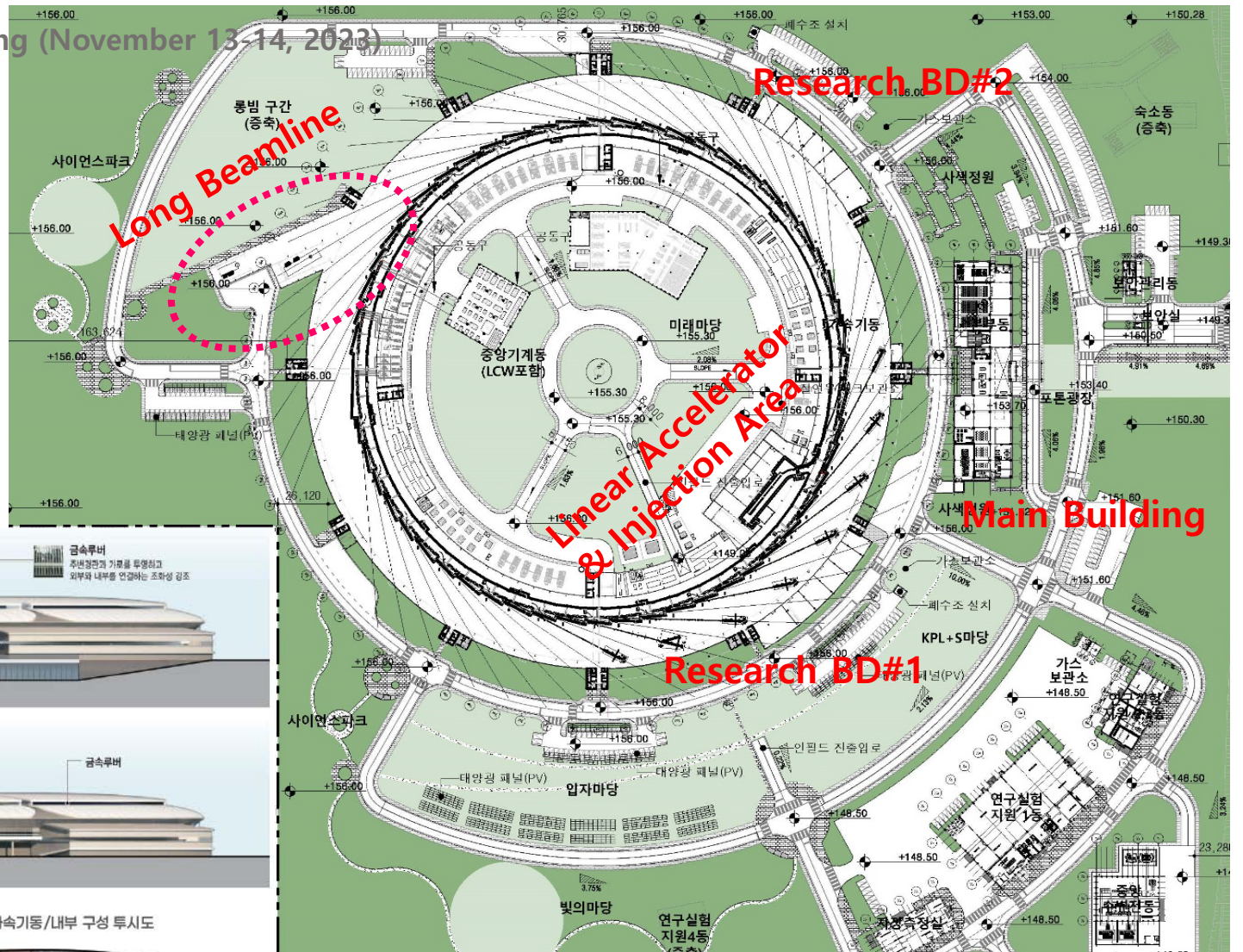
Storage Ring for 4GSR



❖ 4GSR Storage Ring Specification

Parameter	4GSR	PLS-II
Beam energy[GeV]	4	3
Beam current[mA]	400 Top-up mode	250(Max. 400), Top-up mode
Circumference[m]	798.8	281.82
Lattice structure	Multi-Bend	Double-Bend
Super-period	28	12
Emittance	62 pmrad	5800 pmrad
RF frequency	499.877 MHz	499.96 MHz
Bunch length[ps]	10.68 (without HC) 53.43 (with HC)	20
Number of Bunches	1065	300
Energy spread	0.12%	0.1 %

Ground Plan & Layout



기반시설/본부동/외부 입면도



기반시설/가속기동/내부 투시도

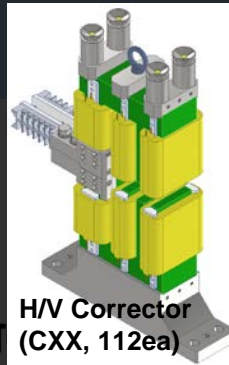
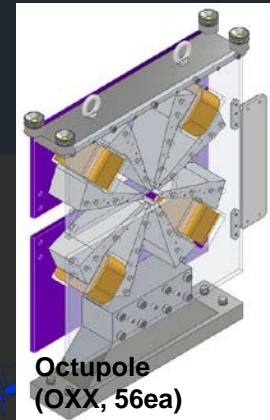
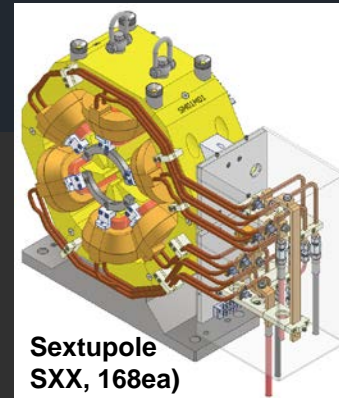
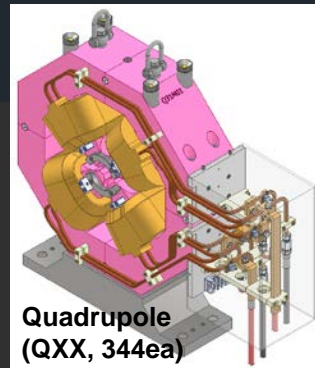
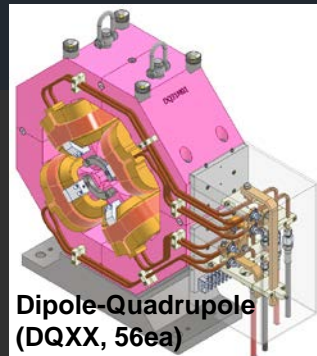
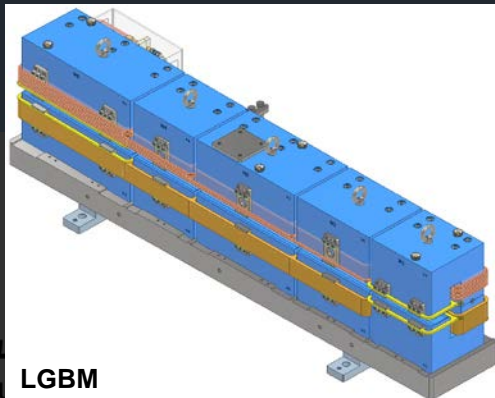
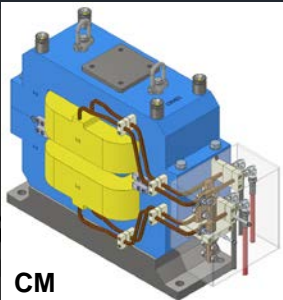
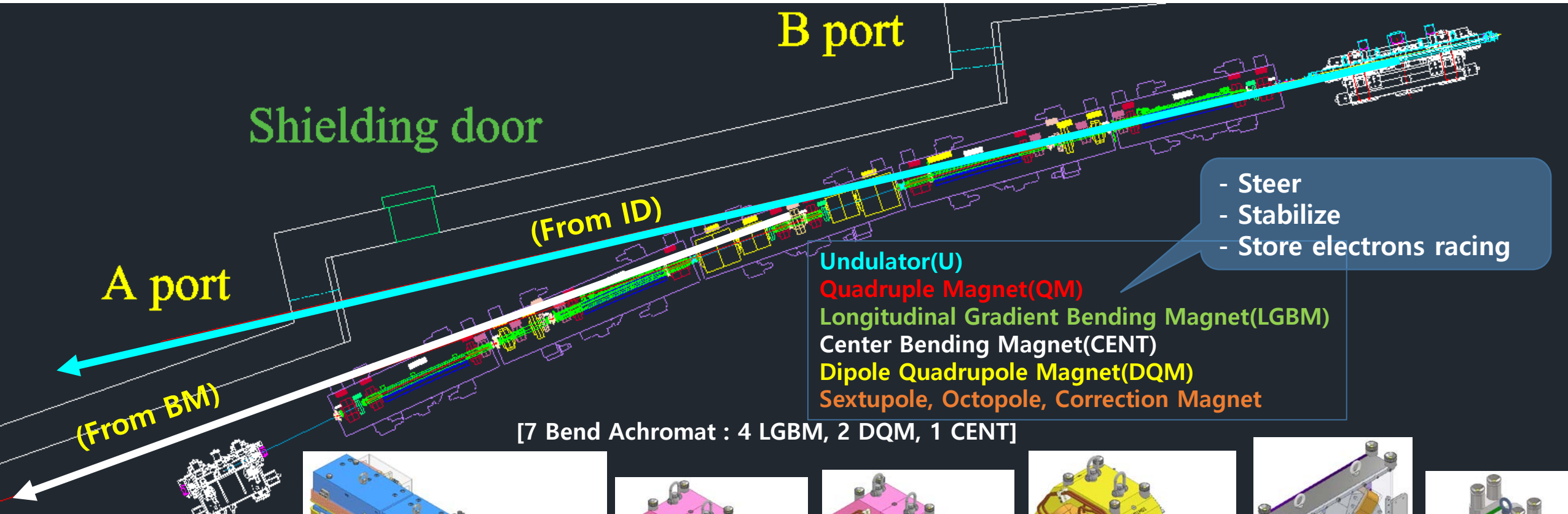


기반시설/가속기동/내부 구성 투시도



[출처, 다목적방사광가속기 구축사업 기반시설 공모안, (주)원형종합건축사사무소]

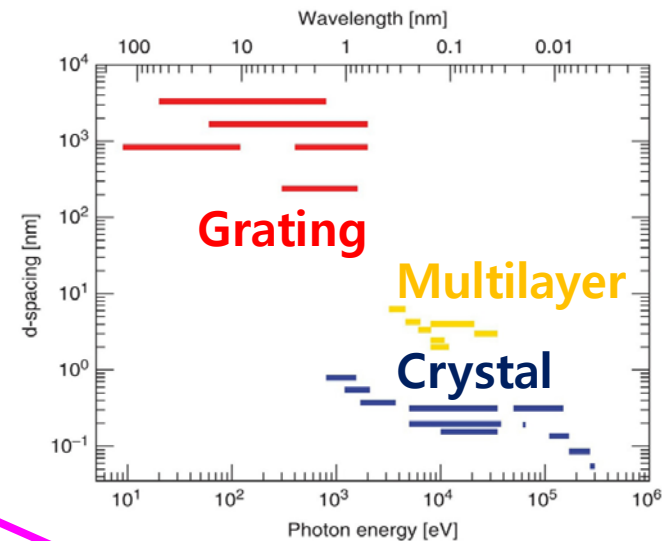
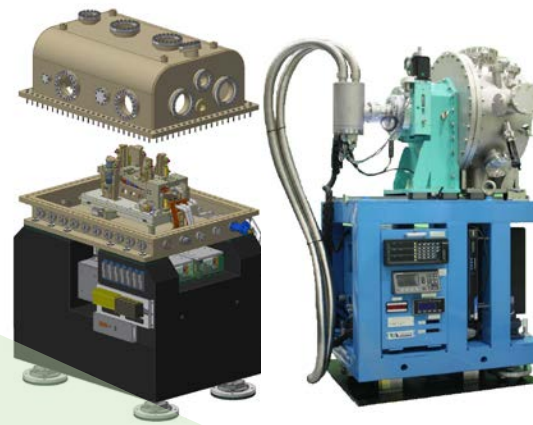
Supercell Structure ➤ 28 supercell(12.85°/cell)



❖ Different Monochromator Type

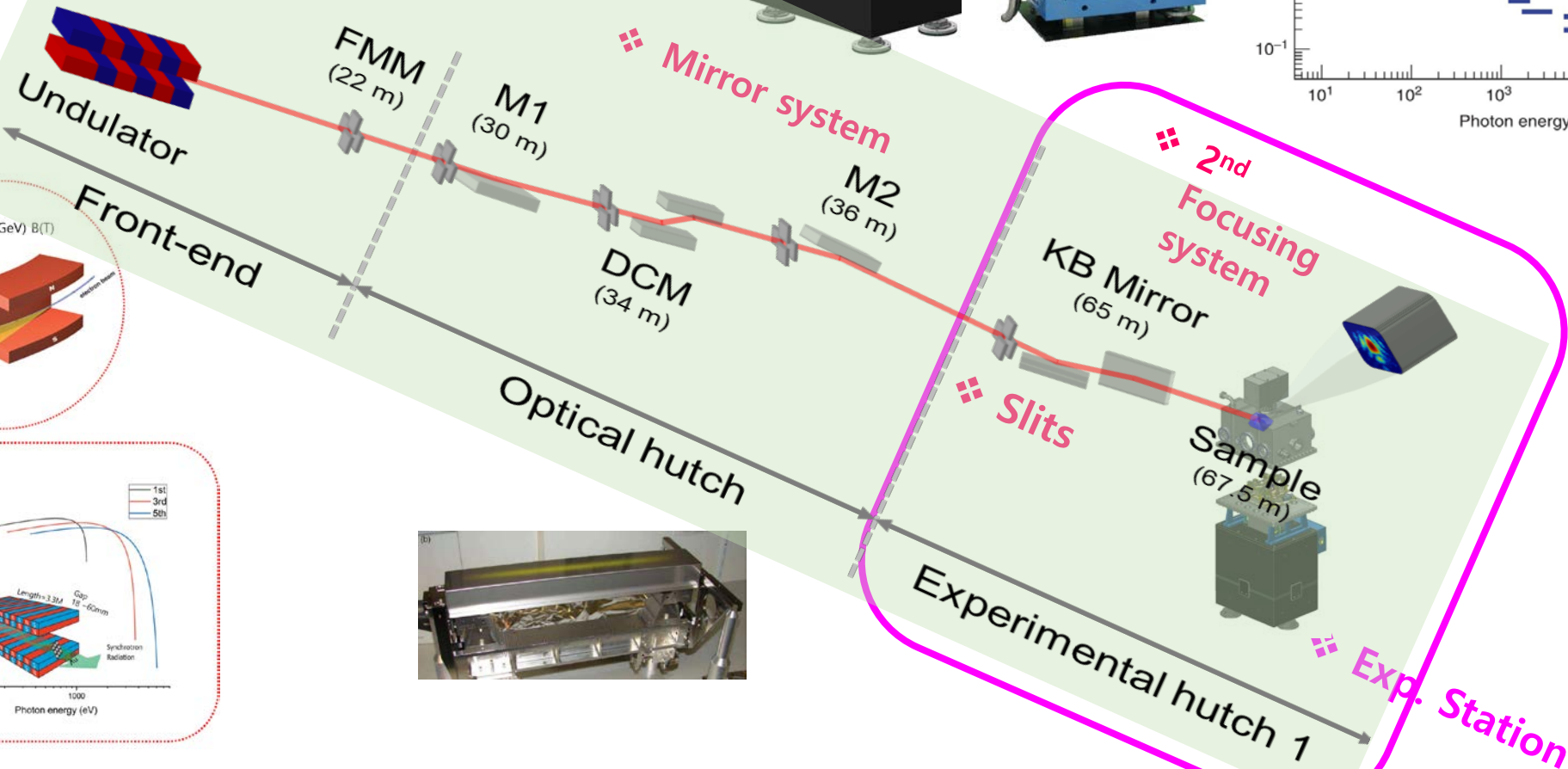
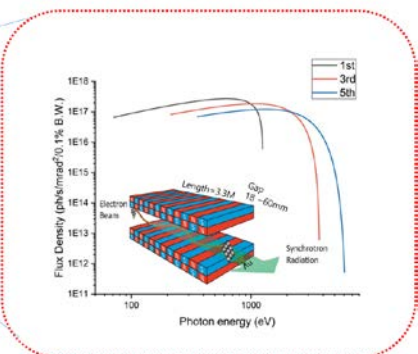
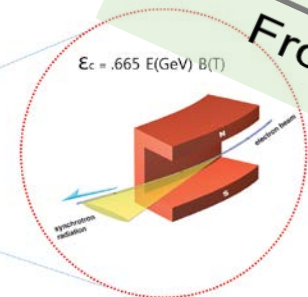
Typical Beamline Layout

Beam Position Monitor



❖ Photon Source

- Bending Magnet
- Undulator
- Wiggler



Beamline Design

- **Deliver the required X-ray beam to the experiment:**
 - ✓ Energy and bandwidth
 - ✓ Spot size
 - ✓ Divergence/convergence
- **Preserve source characteristics** ; intensity, brightness, coherence...
- Handle the **heat load of the beam**
- Optimize signal / background
- Be very stable and reproducible, in position, intensity and energy
- Be safe to operate
- Be user friendly to operate
- Achieve all the above within a reasonable budget !



Photon Source
Optical system
Heat Load
Simulation
Stabilization
Safety(personal &
Instrument)
User friendly
Budget...

Photon Sources

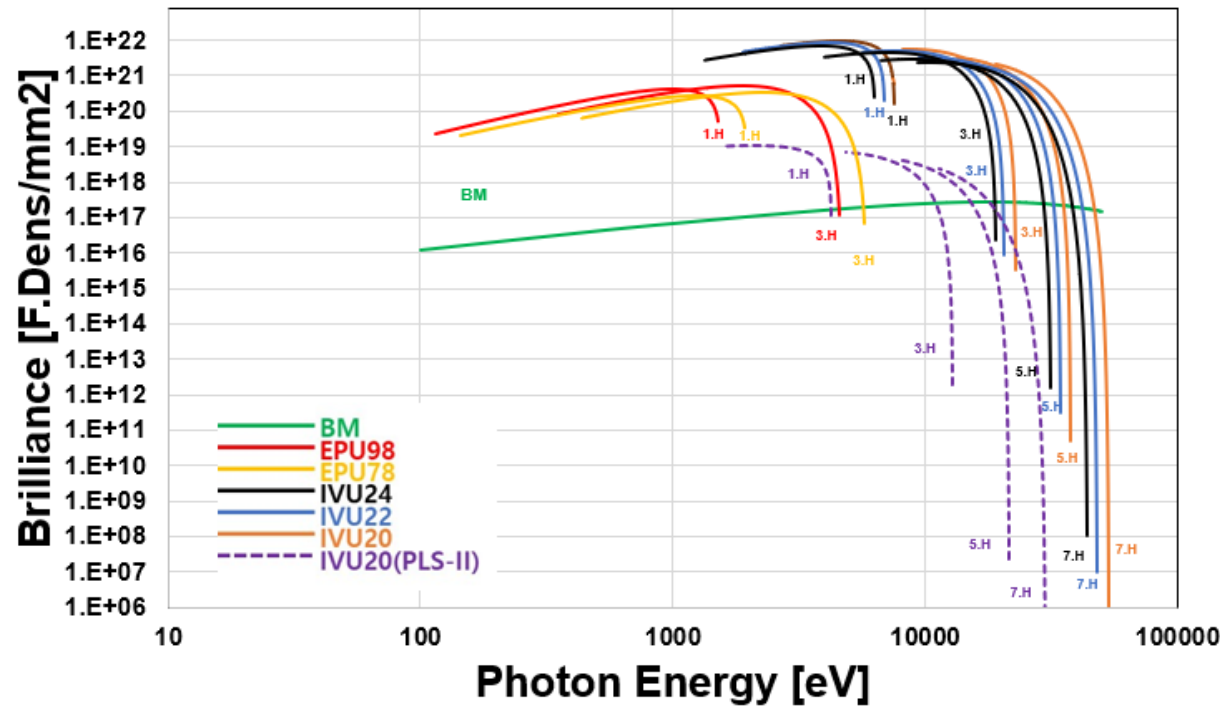
Photon Source	Ty.	Periods length [mm]	Total Length [m]	Photon Energy(keV)	#	Applicable BL	Beam Port
Bending Magnet	BM			5 ~ 100	1	#09. HEMicroscopy	BM10
Out-vacuum Undulator	EPU	78	2	0.1 ~ 3.2	1	#03. Soft X-ray NanoProbe	ID26-1
		98	3.6	0.05 ~ 2	1	#04. NanoARPES	ID25
In-Vacuum Undulator	IVU	20	3	5 ~ 40	2	#06. CoSXAS	ID20
						#08. BioNX	ID22
	24	3	3 ~ 40	5	#01. BioPharma.	ID21	
					#02. Mat. Structure	ID24	
					#05. CoXRS(CDI)	ID19	
					#07. Realtime XAFS	ID23	
				#10. NanoProbe	ID10		
	1.5	2 ~ 7	1	#03. Soft X-ray NanoProbe	ID26-2		

Properties of Photon Source

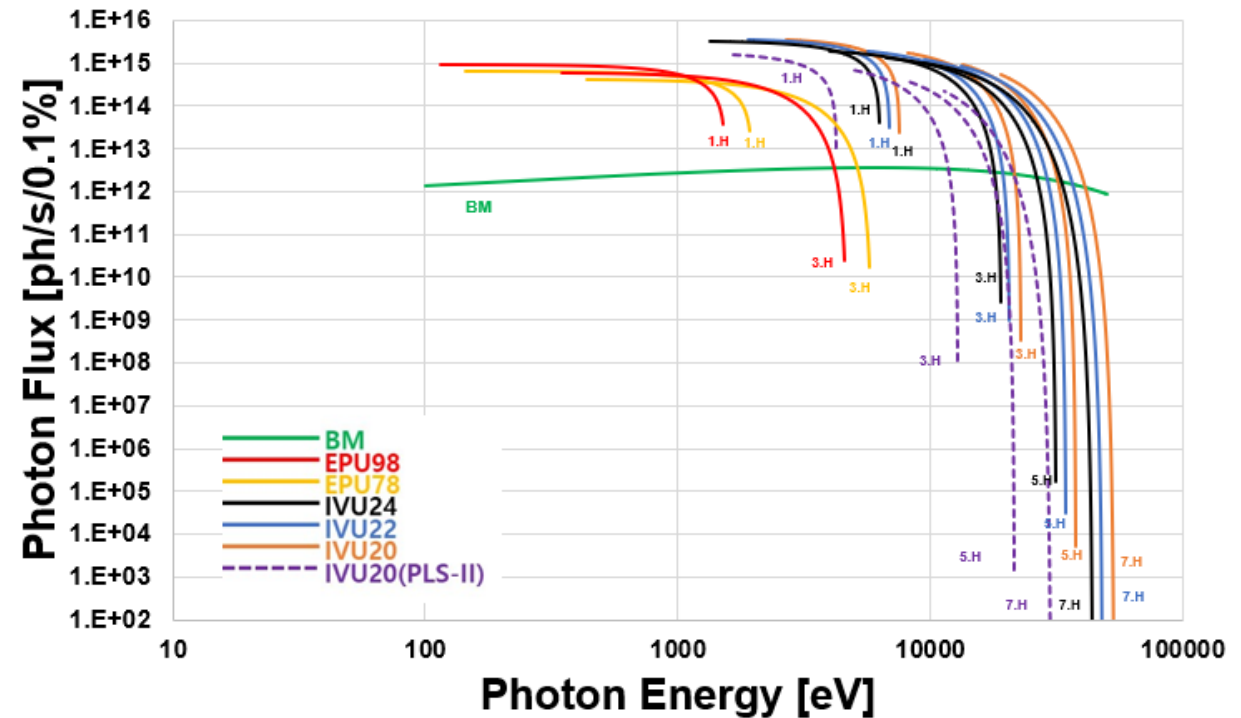
Undulator	(Unit.)	IVU20	IVU22	IVU24	EPU78	EPU98	BM	PLS-II (IVU20)
Period Length	[mm]	20	22	24	78	98	-	20
Periods		148	134	123	23	34	-	68
Device Length	[m]	3	3	3	2	3.62	0.186	1.4
K_{\max} value		1.90481	2.3007	2.7458	K_V 6.95 K_C 4.39 K_H 5.65	K_V 9.24 K_C 6.07 K_H 8.05	-	1.811
B_{\max}	[T]	1.02	1.12	1.22	B_V 0.95 B_C 0.60 B_H 0.77	B_V 1.01 B_C 0.66 B_H 0.87	2	0.969
Gap _{min}	[mm]	5	5	5	15	15	-	5
ϵ_{1st}	[eV]	2699.6	1893.9	1327.3	77.48 / 97.28 / 114.84	35.48 / 46.41 / 40.96	[E_c] 21280.8	1618.78
Total Power	[kW]	12.47	14.97	17.94	6.61 / 4.37 / 5.21	13.75 / 10.44 / 11.87	1357.83	2.91
Max.Power Density	[W/mrad ²]	164.1	164.1	165.5	24.31	38.06	Lin. Pow. Density (kW/mrad) 0.216	22.5
Max.central cone	[mrad]	$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0093 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0089	$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0109 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0106	$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0129 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0126	$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0854 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0854	$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0956 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0955		$\Sigma_{x'}$ 0.0341 $\Sigma_{y'}$ 0.0171

Brilliance and Photon Flux

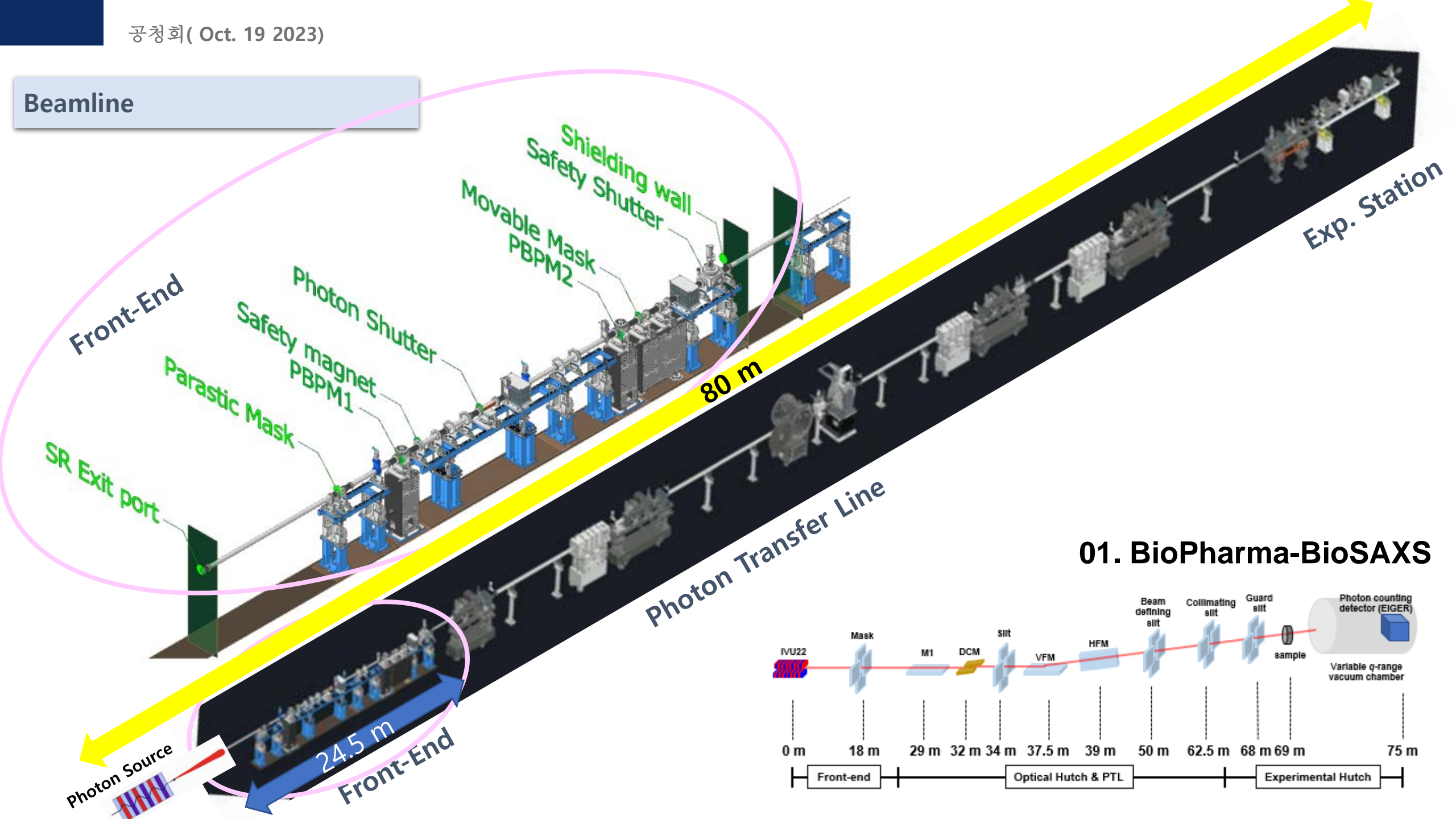
Brilliance vs Photon Energy



Photon Flux vs Photon Energy



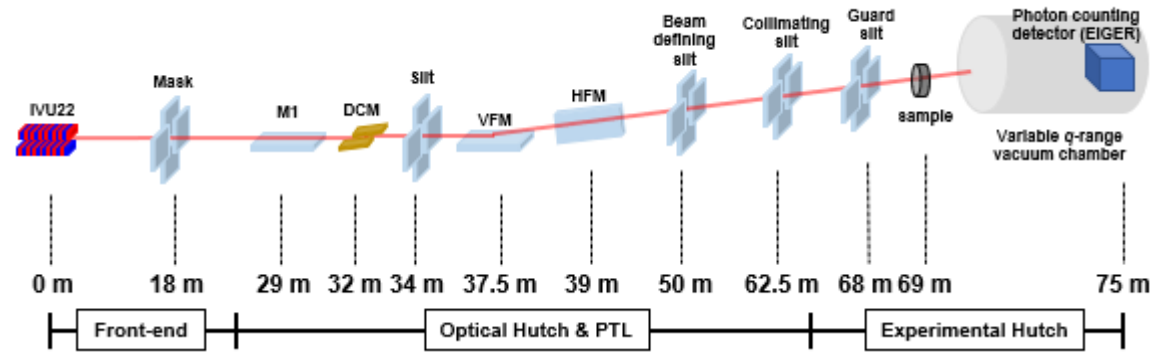
Beamline



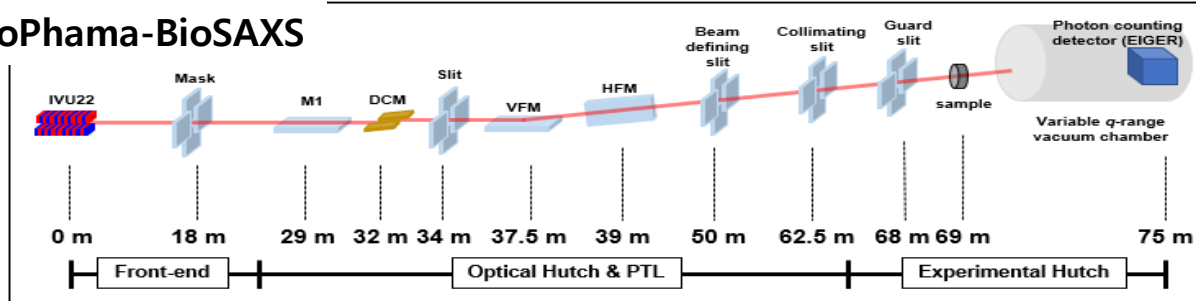
Photon Source

24.5 m Front-End

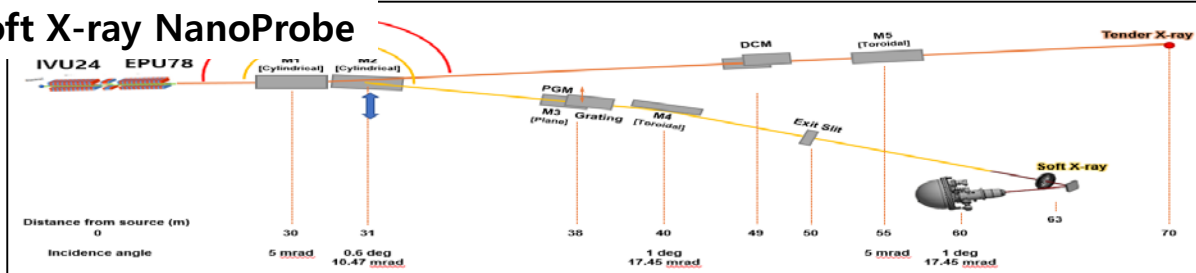
01. BioPharma-BioSAXS



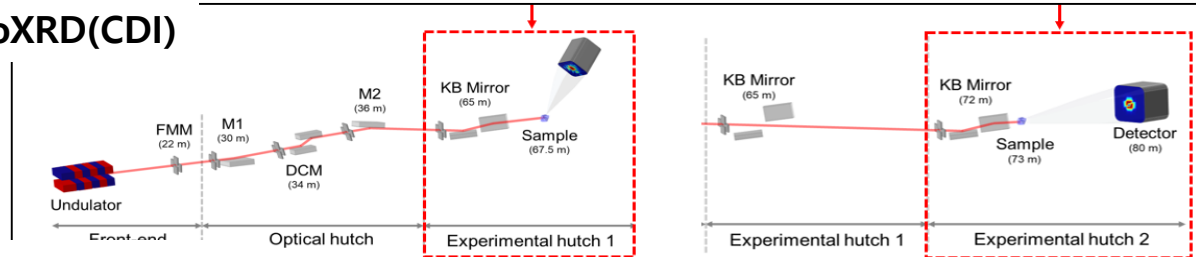
BioPharma-BioSAXS



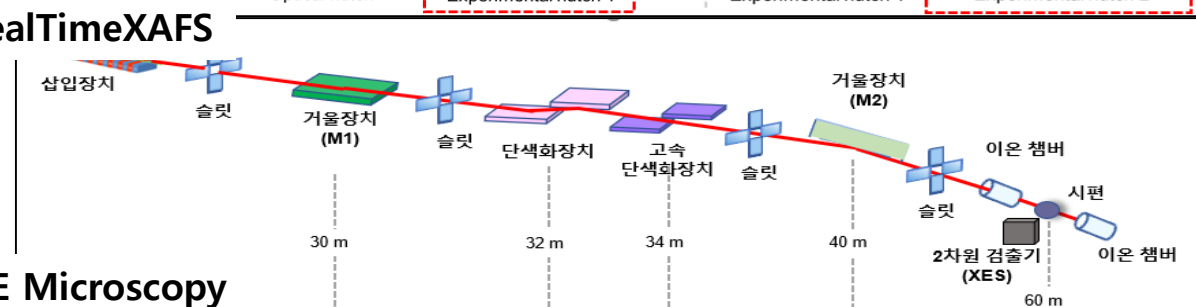
Soft X-ray NanoProbe



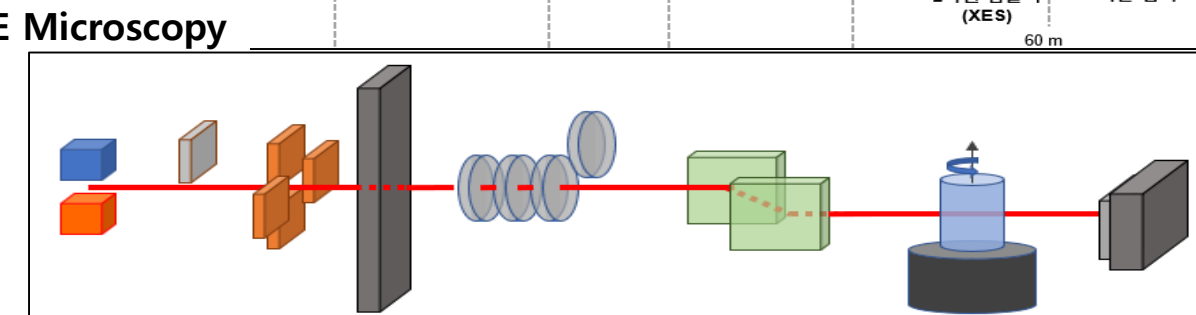
CoXRD(CDI)



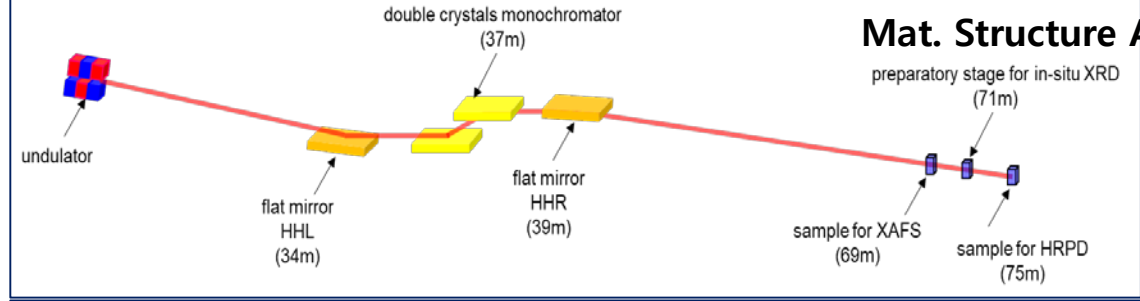
RealTimeXAFS



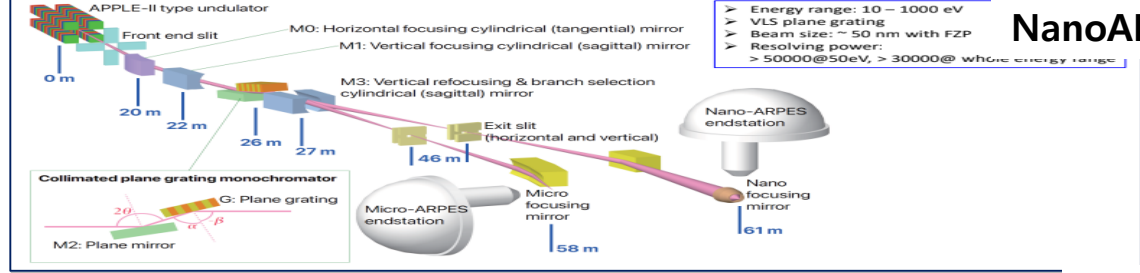
HE Microscopy



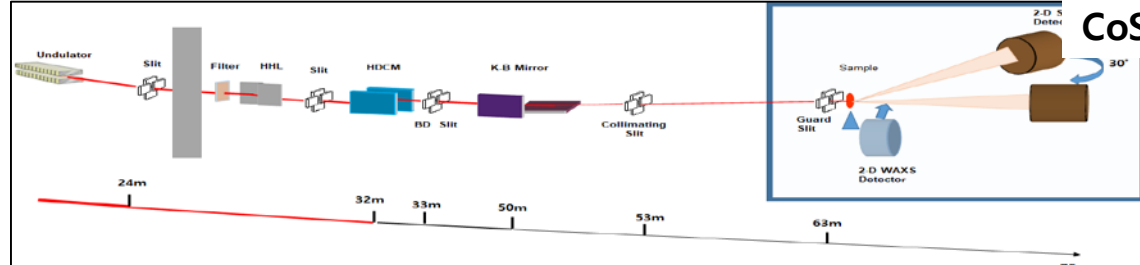
Mat. Structure Anal.



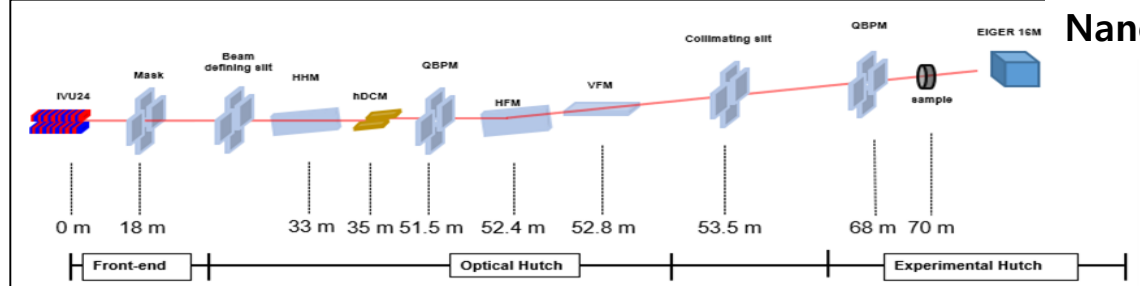
NanoARPES



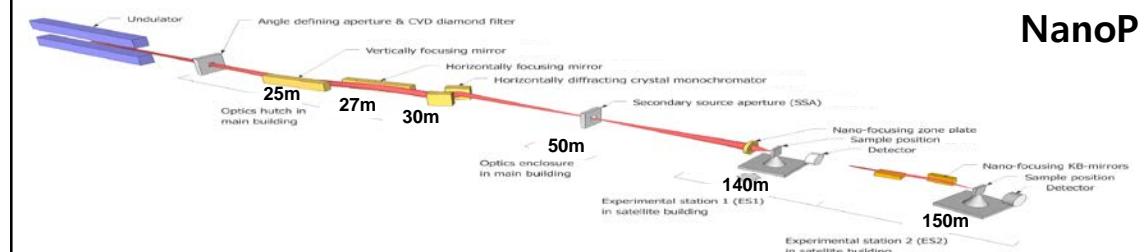
CoSAXS



NanoMX

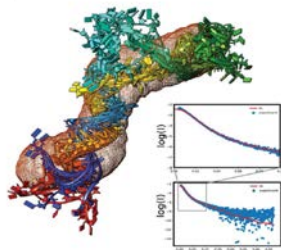
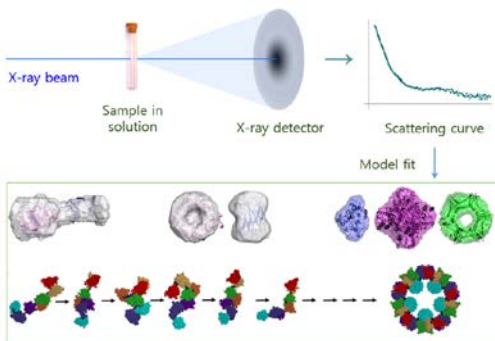


NanoProbe



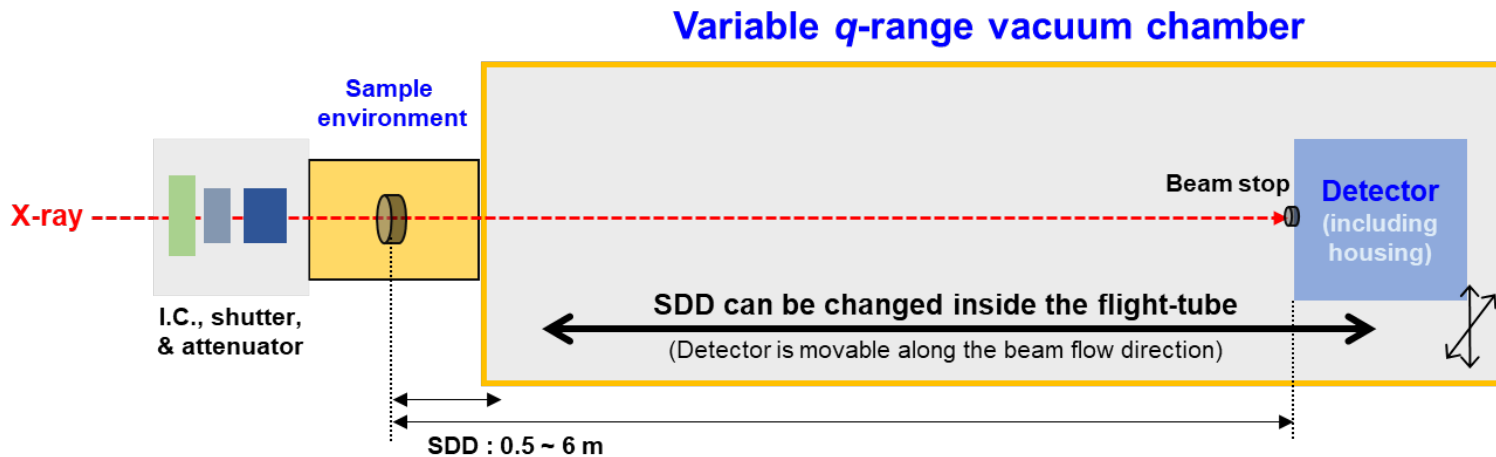
❖ 3D structure of therapeutic biological molecules

- ✓ Overall structure of therapeutic molecules
- ✓ Overall status of biological molecule/drug complex
- ✓ Docking model of protein-protein complex



D. n. Kimet. al., Nature Comm . 2020, 11, 148

❖ End-station layout for high throughput Bio-SAXS technique



❖ Beamline Goal

구분	내용
Light Source	IVU22 (L=3.0 m)
Photon energy	5-20 keV (optimized at 8-25 keV)
Energy resolution	$\Delta E/E \sim 2 \times 10^{-4}$
Beam size	< 10 μm at the detector
Length scale	~ 3 - 4480 \AA
Time resolution	~ 10 Hz
Beam flux	$10^{12} \sim 10^{13}$ ph/s @ 16.02 keV
Sample to Detector Distance	0.5 ~ 6 m
Techniques	(Solution) SAXS/WAXS

➤ Sample environment

- ✓ Automatic sample changer robot
- ARINAX, BIO-SAXS
- Minimum sample volume (5ul)
- Standard 96 well plate
- Static & flow mode
- Temperature control (4°C - 60°C)



Sample Exposure Unit (SEU)
Sample Changer Unit (SCU)
Control Software
Control Electronics Rack
Fluid Management Unit (FMU)

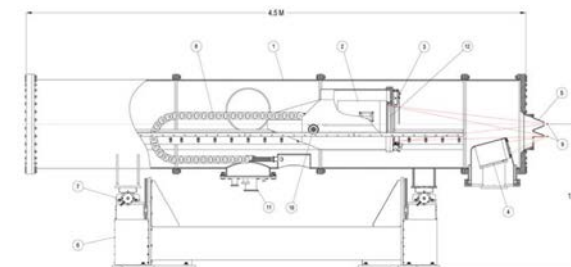
✓ SEC-SAXS system

- Agilent infinity 1260 system, RI, UV, MALS, & DLS
- Separation and Analysis of polydisperse species or mixture

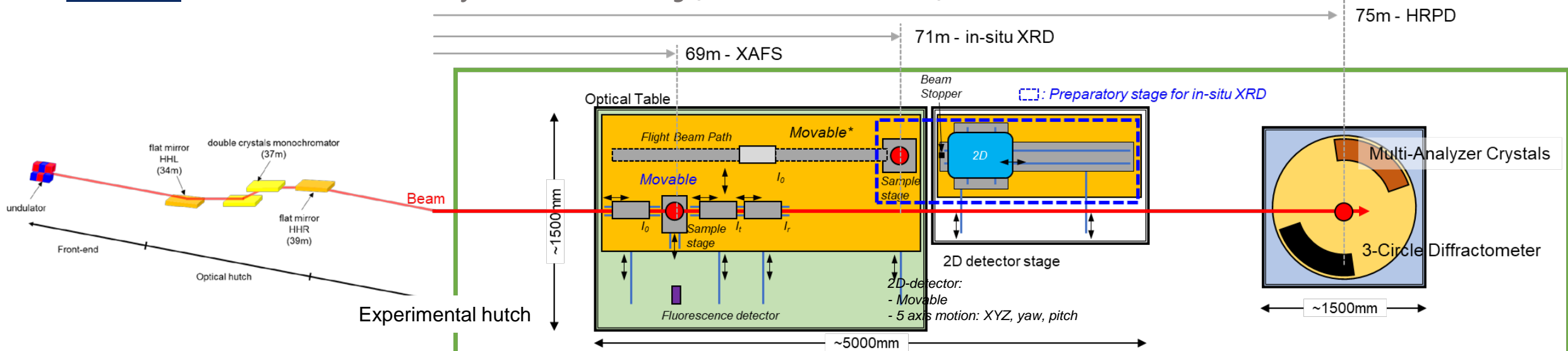


➤ Variable q-range vacuum chamber

- ✓ Detector is placed in the vacuum chamber to facilitate SDD change



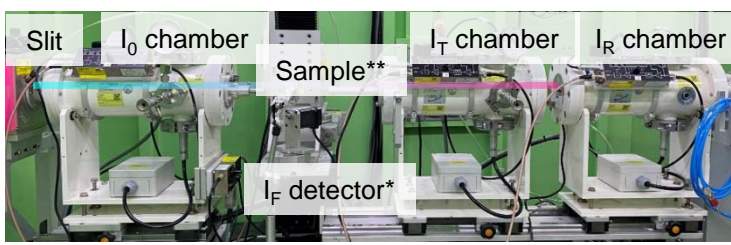
Example; 12 ID-B, APS



* Flight beam path and the stage for in-situ experiment (orange box) should be aligned together

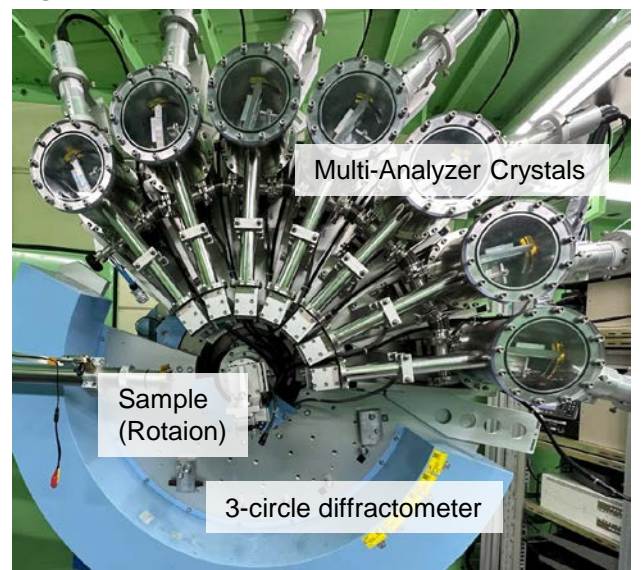
Photon Source	IVU24(L=3.0 m)
Photon energy (hv)	5 ~ 40 keV [Main : 20 keV for HRPD]
Energy resolution ($\Delta E/E$)	$\sim 1.3 \times 10^{-4}$ (Si (111)) $\sim 2.7 \times 10^{-5}$ (Si (311))
Beam size (FWHM)	~ 600 (h) \times 230 (v) μm^2 @sample (69m for XAFS) ~ 670 (h) \times 230 (v) μm^2 @sample (75m for HRPD)
Beam flux	$\sim 1 \times 10^{13}$ ph/s @sample
Techniques	XAFS: Step scan mode HRPD: Multi-analyzer detector system

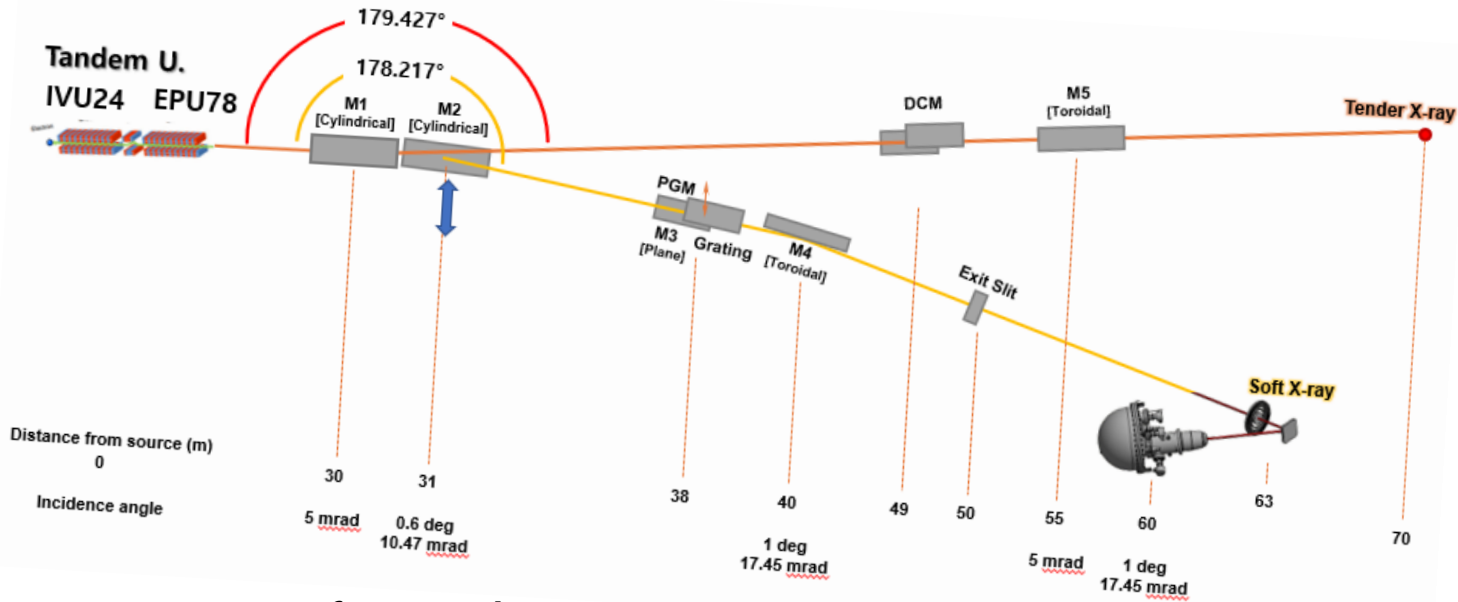
➤ X-ray Absorption Fine Structure (XAFS)



Gas auto-exchange system required
 * Fluorescence detector
 ** Hexapod sample stage
 Multi sample holder
 Sample stage to configure various experiments

➤ High-Resolution Powder Diffraction (HRPD)





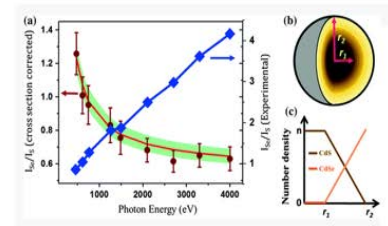
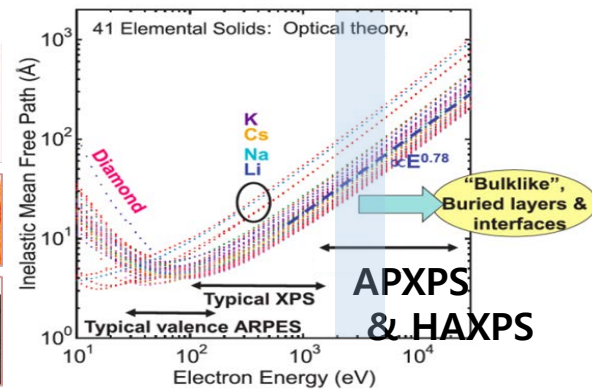
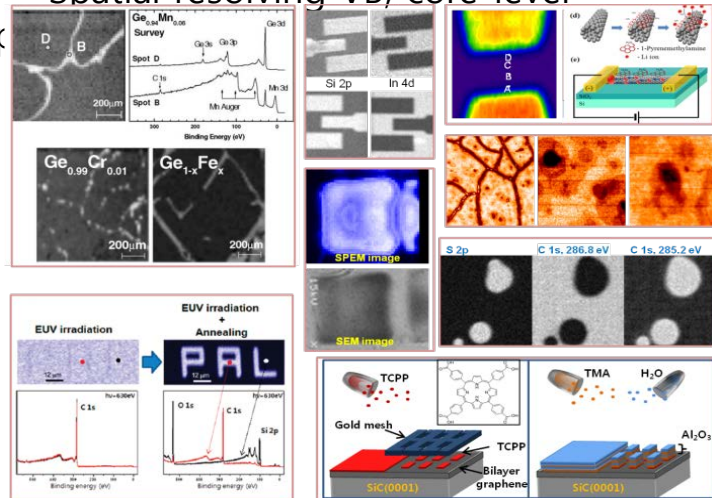
	EPU78(L=2 m)	IVU24(L=1.5 m)
E_{1st}	77.45 ~ 114.73 eV	1336.4 eV
Energy range	90 – 3,200 eV	2000 ~ 5000 eV
Beam size at Sample	70 nm × 140 nm by FZP	10.8 μm × 8.4 μm
Brilliance [photons.s ⁻¹ mrad ⁻² (0.1%B.W)]	1.18 × 10 ¹⁹ at 15 mm gap	1.11925 × 10 ²¹ at 5 mm gap

❖ Tender XPS/XAS for Branch 2

- Tender X-ray Photoemission Spectroscopy & XAS
- Non-destructive bulk property probe.

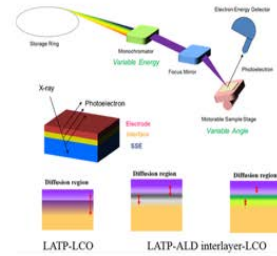
❖ Nano-XPS/XAS for Branch 1

- Scanning Photoemission Microscopy
- Dynamic beam size incl. zone-plate focusing
- Spatial resolving VB, core-level

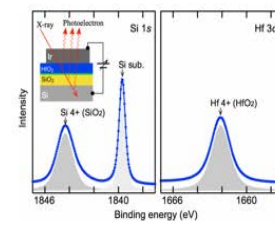


(a)

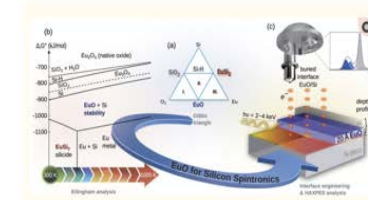
(b)



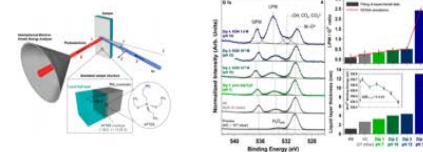
(c)



(d)



(e)

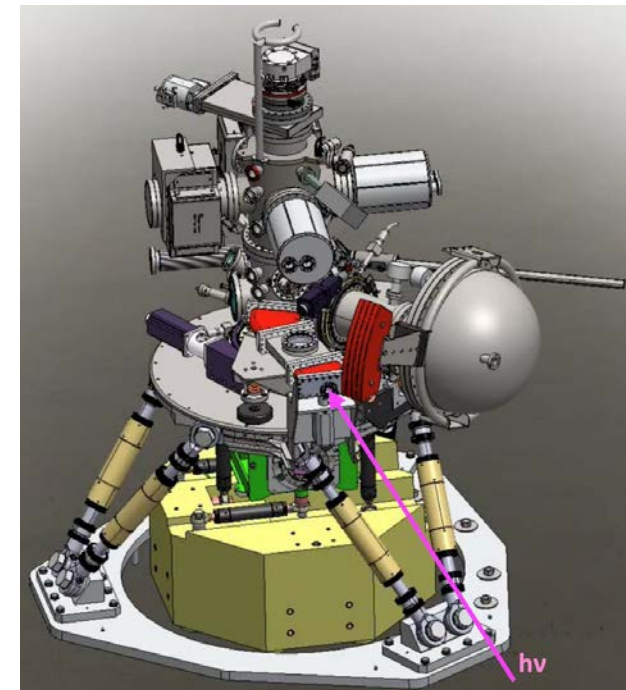
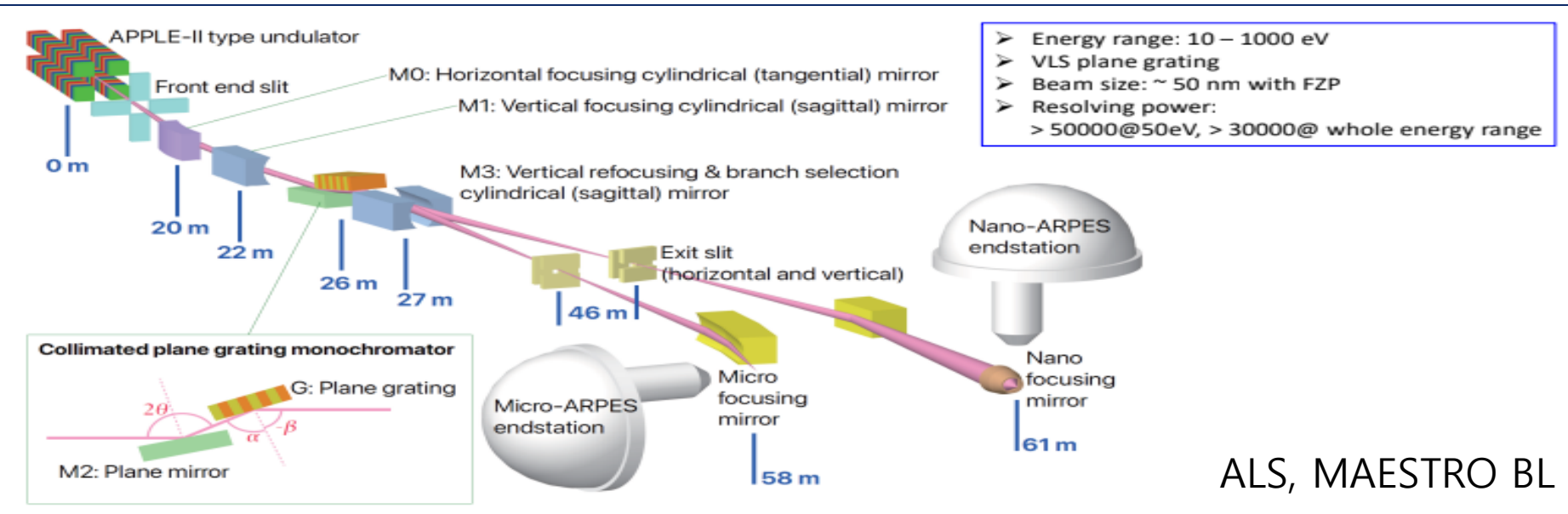


(f)

04. Nanoscale Angle-resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy(NanoARPES)

Light Source	EPU98(L=3.6 m)
Photon energy(hv)	0.1 – 2 keV [Optimize: 50 ~200 eV]
Energy resolution ($\Delta E/E$)	20,000
Beam size	100 x100 nm ² by FZP
Beam flux	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 10¹² - 10¹³ ph/s @ 90eV ~ 2,000eV 10¹⁰ - 10¹² ph/s @ 2,000eV ~ 3,200eV

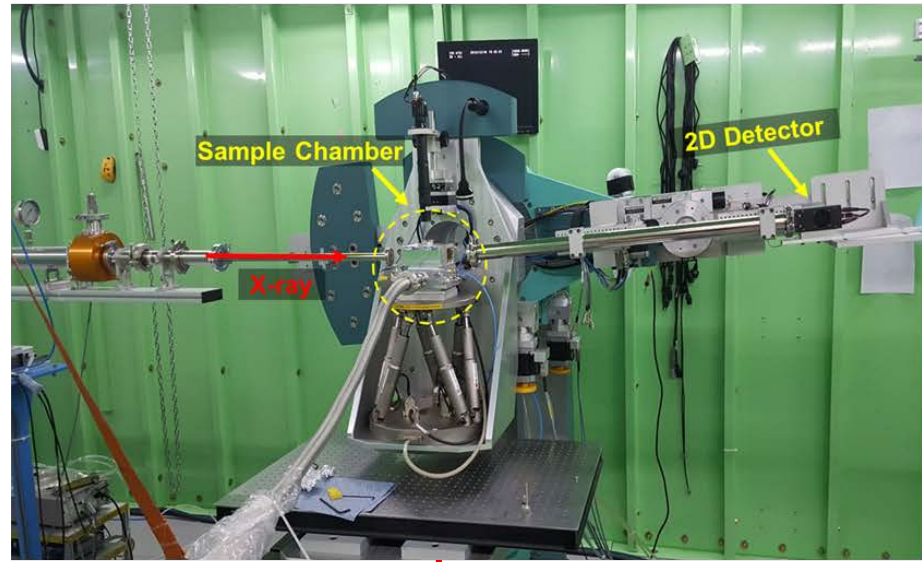
End-stations	nano-ARPES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> nano-focusing optics: Zone plate @ Capillary mirror Hemisphere electron analyzer Photon energy range: 100-200 eV Energy Resolution: < 10 meV @ 100eV Photon flux: ~ 10¹¹ phs with ZP @ 100eV
	μ -ARPES	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> micro-focusing optics: K-B Mirrors or Capillary Mirror Hemisphere electron analyzer with spin detectors Photon energy range: 100 – 2000 eV Energy Resolution: < 5meV @ 100 eV Photon flux: > 10¹² phs @ 100eV



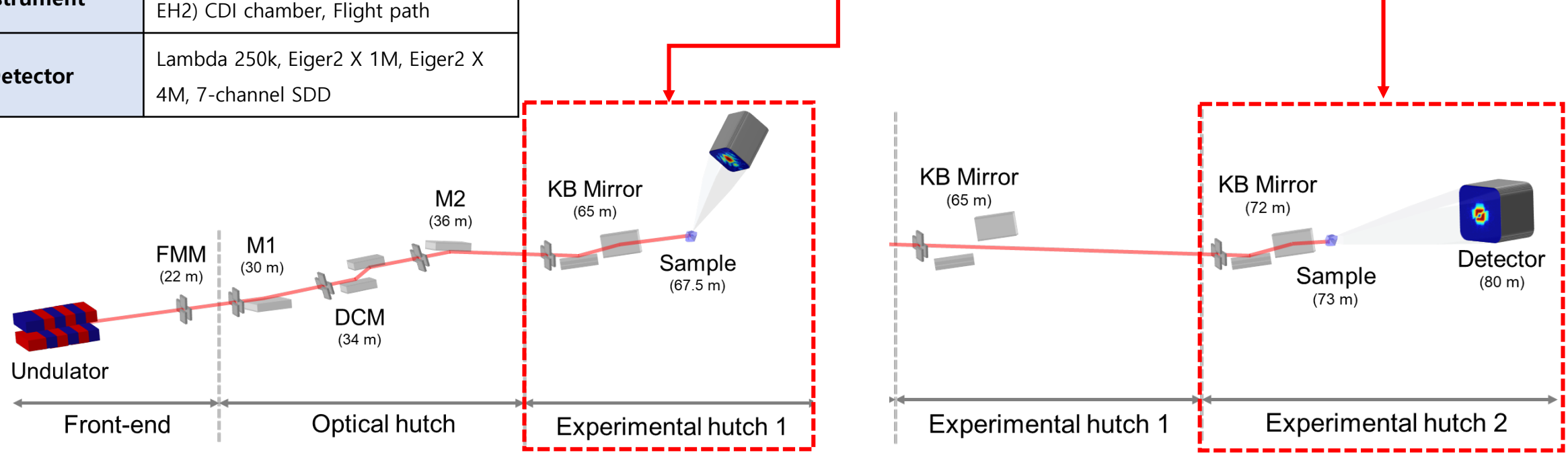
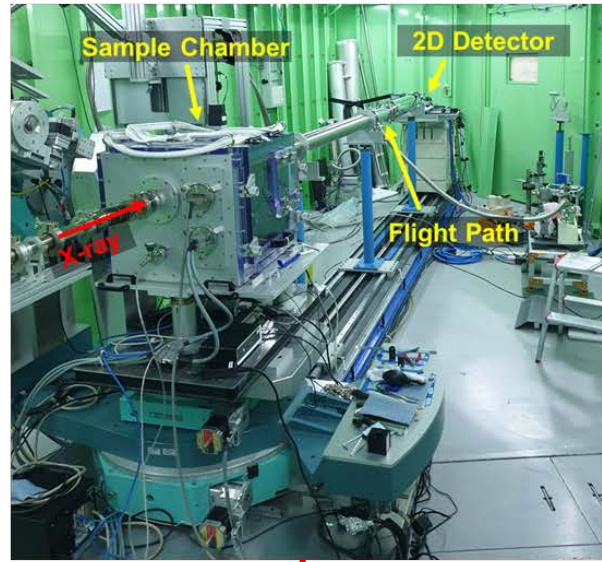
ALS, MAESTRO BL

Light Source	IVU24(L=3.0m)
Photon energy	3 – 30 keV
Energy resolution($\Delta E/E$)	$< 2 \times 10^{-4}$
Beam size	$< 500 \text{ nm} \sim \text{few micron at the sample}$
Beam flux	$\sim 10^{13} \text{ ph/s at the sample}$
Techniques	CDI, (time-resolved) Nanobeam X-ray Diffraction
Experimental hutch instrument	EH1) 6-circle diffractometer(Kappa)
	EH2) CDI chamber, Flight path
Detector	Lambda 250k, Eiger2 X 1M, Eiger2 X 4M, 7-channel SDD

< BCDI, Bragg ptychography, Nanobeam X-ray Diffraction >

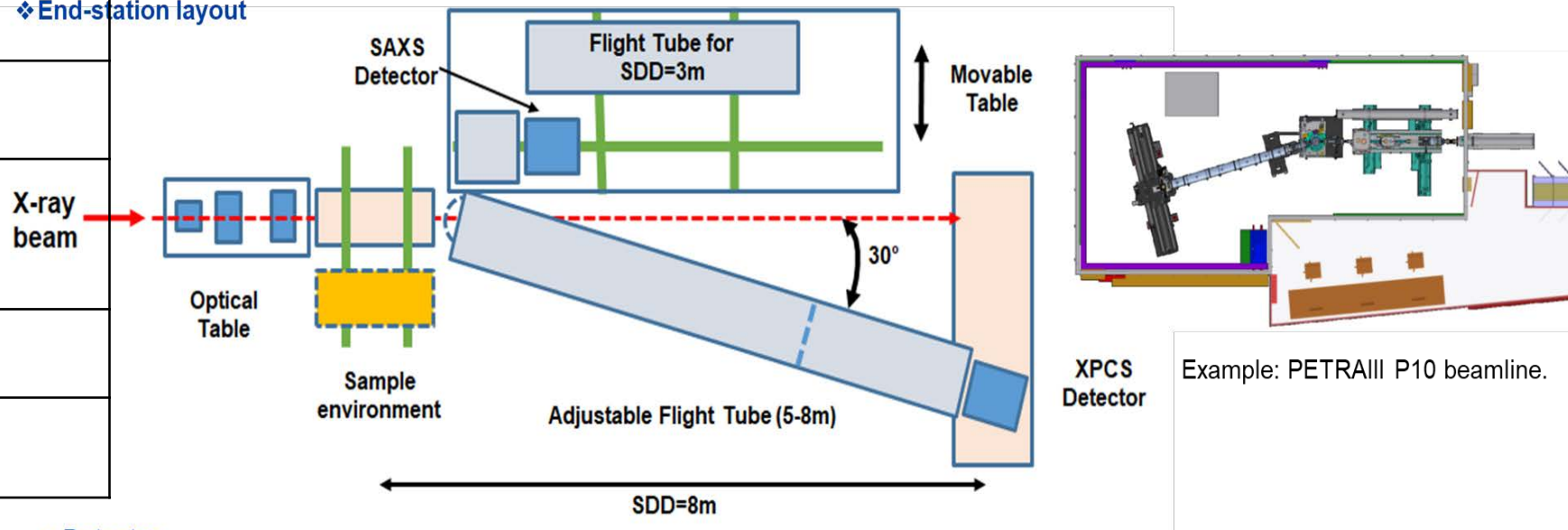


< Transmission Ptychography >



Light Source	IVU20(L=3.0m) Brilliance:~ 2×10^{15} phs/s/0.1%B W, Coherence fraction : 0.05 x0.22
Photon energy(hv)	4 – 40 keV → 7 – 30 keV ❖ End-station layout
Energy resolution($\Delta E/E$)	~ 1×10^{-4} (Si (111)) ~ 3×10^{-5} (Si(311))
Beam size	<10 μm @ 2Ddetector (~ 1 μm @ sample for $\mu\text{SAXS/WAXS}$)
Beam flux	~ 10^{13} phs/s @ sample
Techniques	$\mu\text{(GI)SAXS/WAXS}$ XPCS

❖ End-station layout



❖ Detector

	Eiger2 X 4M (Dectris, SAXS)	Eiger2 X 4M (Dectris, XPCS)
Dimension	155.1 X 162.15 mm ²	155.1 X 162.15 mm ²
Pixel size	75 X 75 μm^2	75 X 75 μm^2
Dynamic range	~ 10^7 photons/pixel/s	~ 10^7 photons/pixel/s
Readout rate	Up to 1120 Hz	Up to 1120 Hz

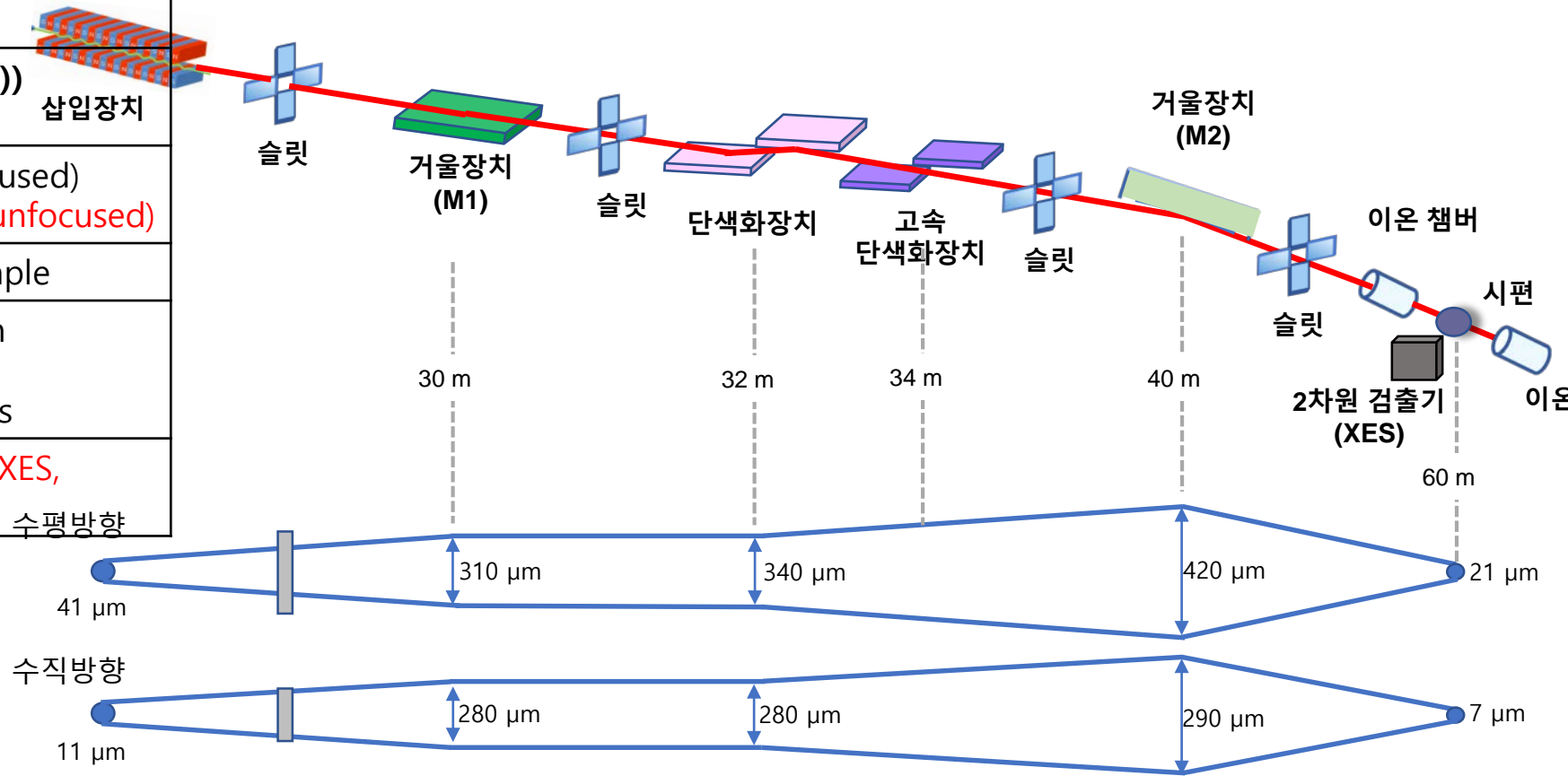
- X, Y, Z direction and Tilt around Y

❖ q- range & correlation time

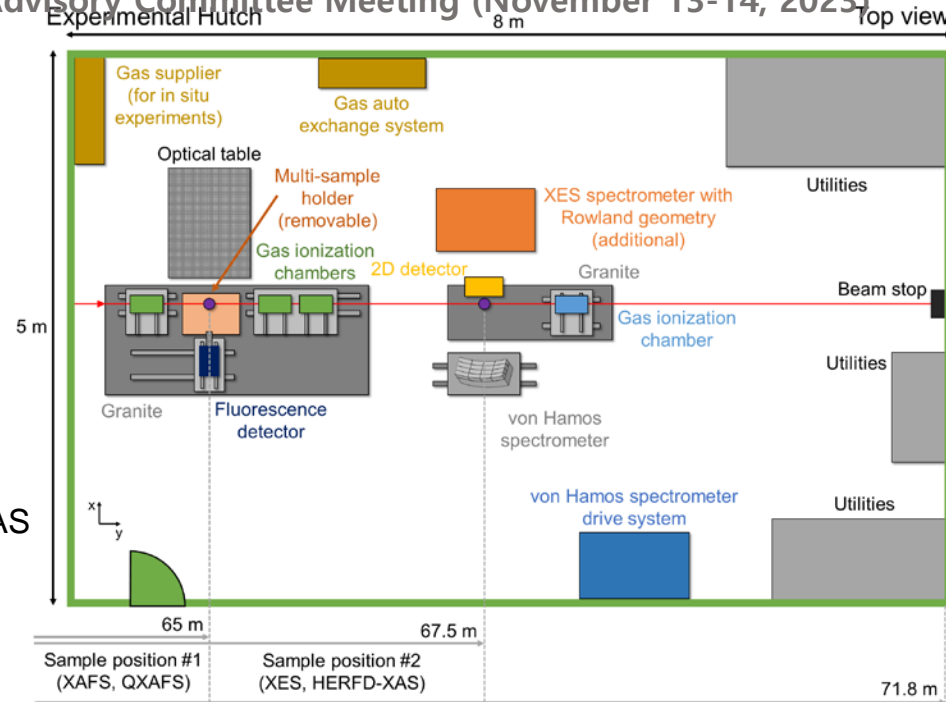
- Max. q : 2.5 \AA^{-1} at SDD=25cm
- Min. q : 0.001 \AA^{-1} (471nm) at SDD=8m
- Horizontal detector movement for XPCS : $2\theta = 0 \sim 30^\circ$
- Time scale: a few μsec ~ hundreds of second
- Coherence length @ sample : ~ 0.02 mm x 0.09 mm

❖ Beamline Goal

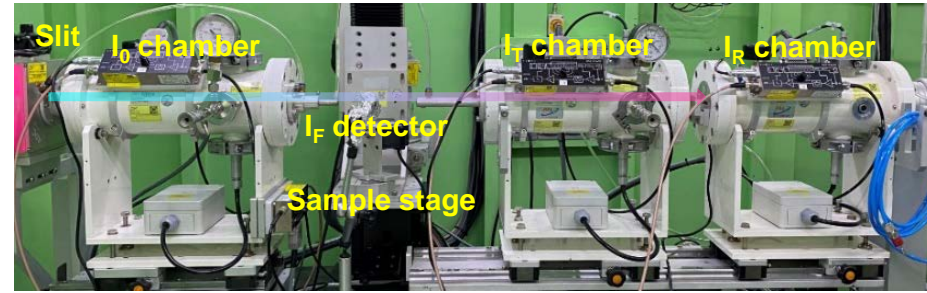
Light Source	IVU24 (L=3.0m)
Photon energy(hv)	4 – 40 keV
Energy resolution($\Delta E/E$)	~ 5×10^{-4} (Si (111)) < 0.5 eV for XES
Beam size (at sample, FWHM)	~ 30 x 10 μm^2 (focused) ~ 800 x 300 μm^2 (unfocused)
Beam flux	~ 10^{13} phs/s @ sample
Time scale	Step scan ~ 20 min On-the-fly ~ 3 min Quick scan ~ 10 ms
Techniques	XAFS, Quick-XAFS, XES, HERFD-XANES



❖ End-station layout



❖ XAFS & QXAFS



- Gridded gas ionization chamber
- Fluorescence detector
- Multi-sample holder & Hexapod stage



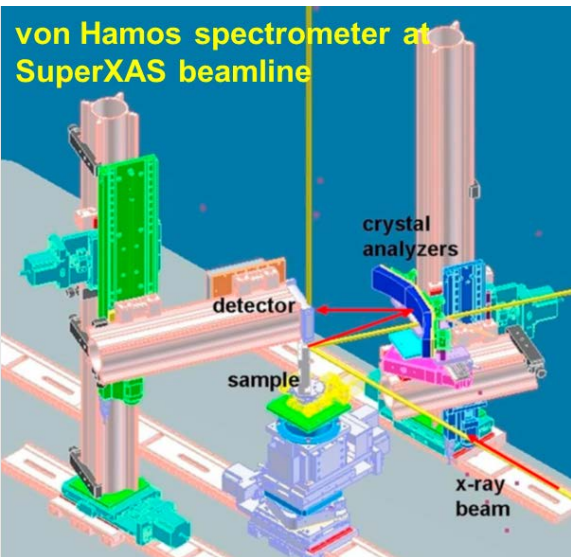
- Main experiment

Absorption spectroscopy: XAFS, QXAFS
Emission spectroscopy: XES, HERFD-XAS

- Design goal

Wide energy range: 4 ~ 40 keV
High photon flux: ~ 10¹⁴ ph s⁻¹
Small beam size: ~ 21 (H) x 7 (V) μm²

❖ XES & HERFD-XAS

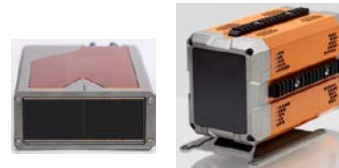


- Multi-crystal von Hamos spectrometer



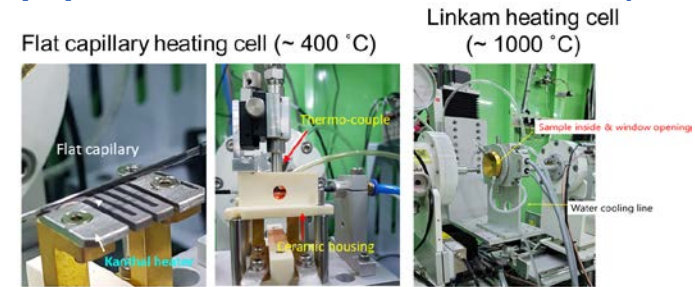
→ Si(200), Si(200), Si(220)
Ge(111), Ge(200), Ge(220)

- 2D detector

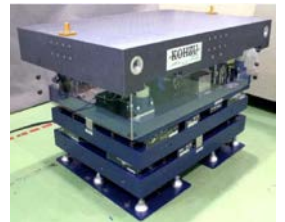


Detector	LAMBDA (X-Spectrum)
Dimension	85 x 28 mm ² (750k) 170 x 170 mm ² (2M)
Pixel size	55 x 55 μm ²
Count rate (ph/s/mm ²)	~3 x 10 ⁸
Readout rate	1 kHz - 24 kHz

❖ Equipment for In-situ measurement (examples)



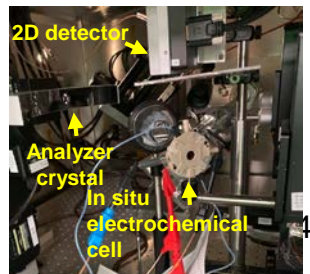
- Optical table



In-situ electrochemical cells & Potentio-/Galvanostat



- In situ XAFS & XES



❖ Beamline goals

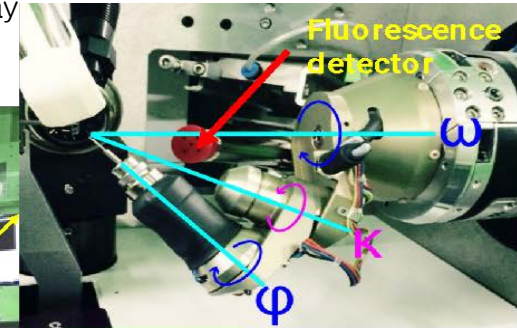
Light Source	IVU20(L=3.0m)
Photon energy(hv)	5 ~ 20 keV [Optimize :6.5 ~ 20 keV]
Energy resolution ($\Delta E/E$)	$\sim 1 \times 10^{-4}$ (Si (111))
Beam size	~ 16 (h) $\times 4$ (v) μm^2 at sample
Beam flux	$\sim 10^{13} \sim 10^{14}$ phs/s @ sample
Techniques	Experimental Hutch : X-ray crystallography Wet Laboratory: crystallization facility

❖ Biomacromolecule crystal structure

- ✓ High resolution ($\sim 1 \text{ \AA}$)
- ✓ Understanding life science at the molecular level
- ✓ Chemical drug design support
- ✓ Antibody Drug study support

❖ Structure-based drug design

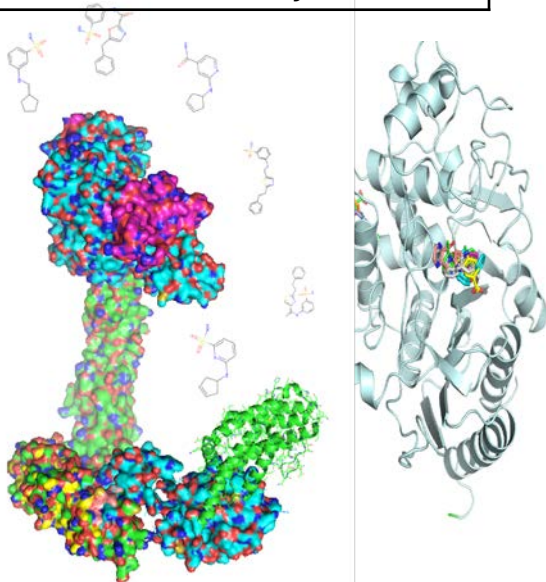
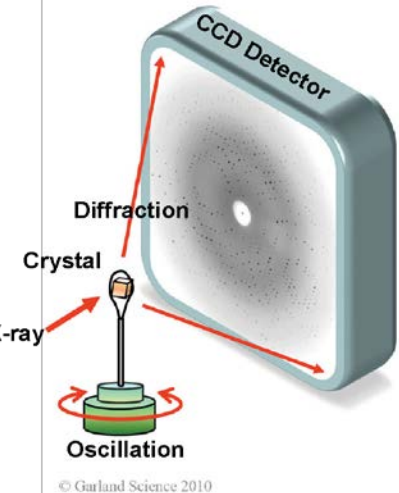
- ✓ High-throughput structure analysis
- ✓ Identification Fragment Definition
- ✓ Accelerated Sculpture Design
- ✓ 500 data/day



Multi-axis goniometer



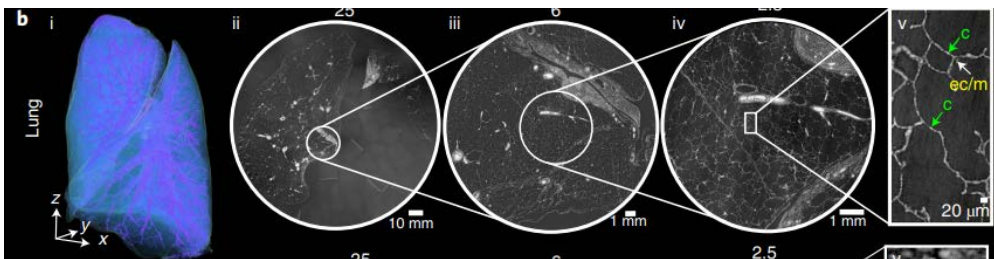
MD3 로봇 장치



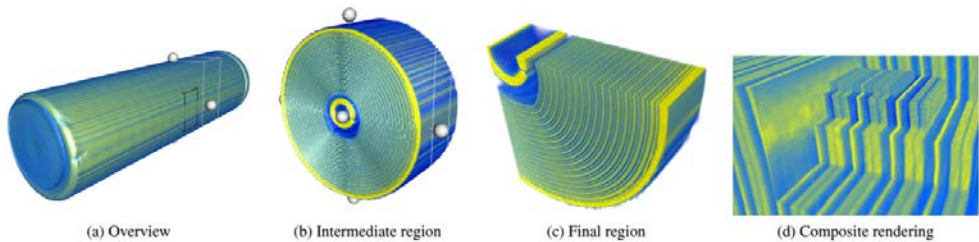
➤ Design goals

Imaging spatial resolution	a few μm (1 μm)
Photon energy	10-130 keV
Beam size	200 mm
CT scan taking time	Minutes
Phase contrast effect (Refraction detection limit)	$< 0.1 \mu\text{rad}$
Sample position	100 m
In-situ/operando sample space	a few m
Max sample weight	300 kg

➤ Multiscale Imaging



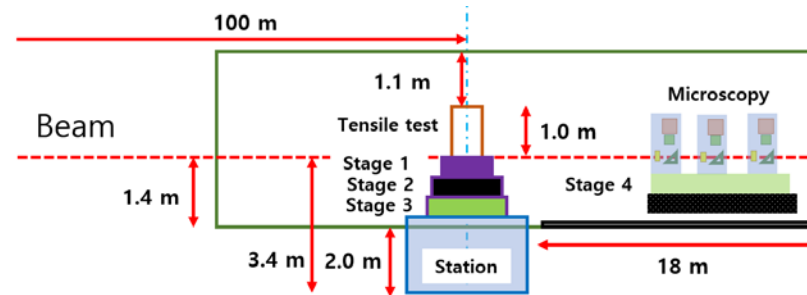
Walsh, C. L., et al. (2021). *Nature methods*, 18(12), 1532-1541. Images taken at BM05, a predecessor beamline, at 60-80 keV



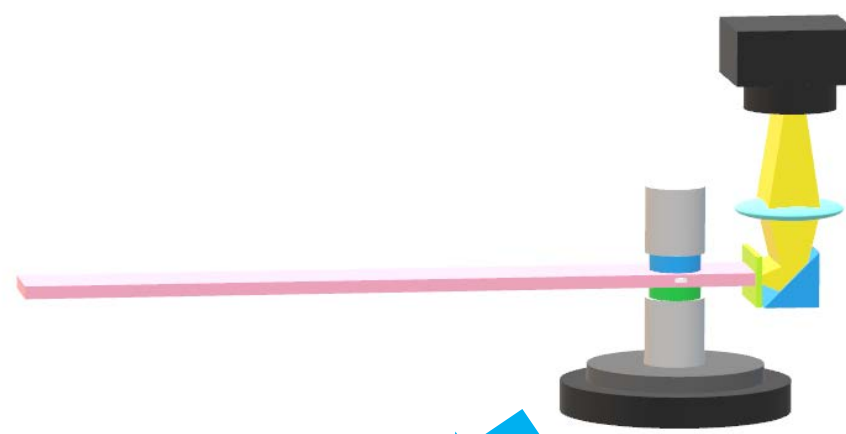
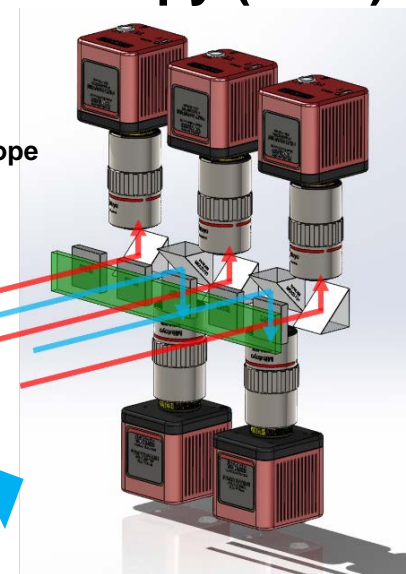
Lang et al. (2023), e-Journal of Nondestructive Testing 28(3). Multiscale Phase-Contrast Tomography at BM18

➤ Experimental Equipment

Experimental hutch design



High aspect ratio X-ray microscope



X-ray microscope	High aspect ratio	High resolution
Field of View	200 x 25 mm ²	1.3 x 1.3 mm ²
Pixel size	5 μm	0.25 μm
Pixel number	200 million	25 million
Data size	400 MByte/img	50 MByte/img
3D data size	16 TByte/set	1 TByte/set

In-situ/operando tester

Dimension (LxWxH)
: 820 mm x 630 mm x 180 mm

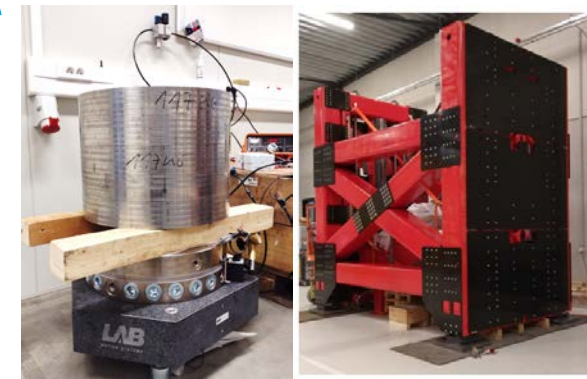
Weight
: 216 kg

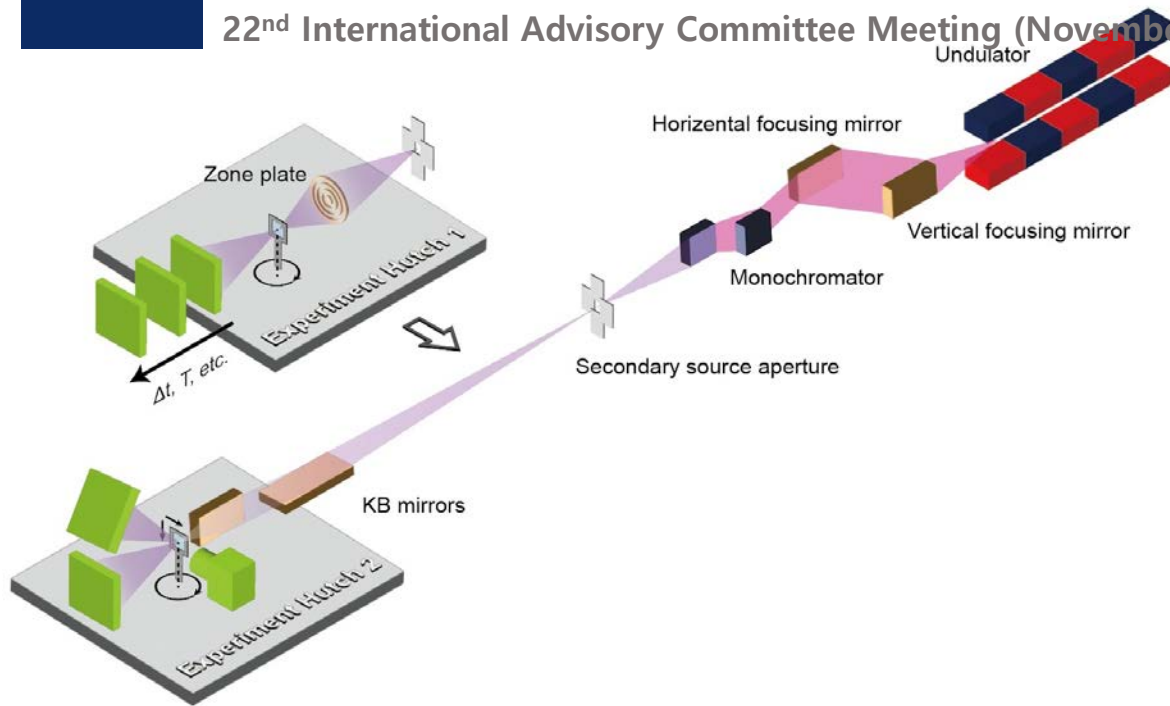
Max. Capacity
: 10 kN

Stroke Space
: 1400 mm



Heavy Load Sample Station

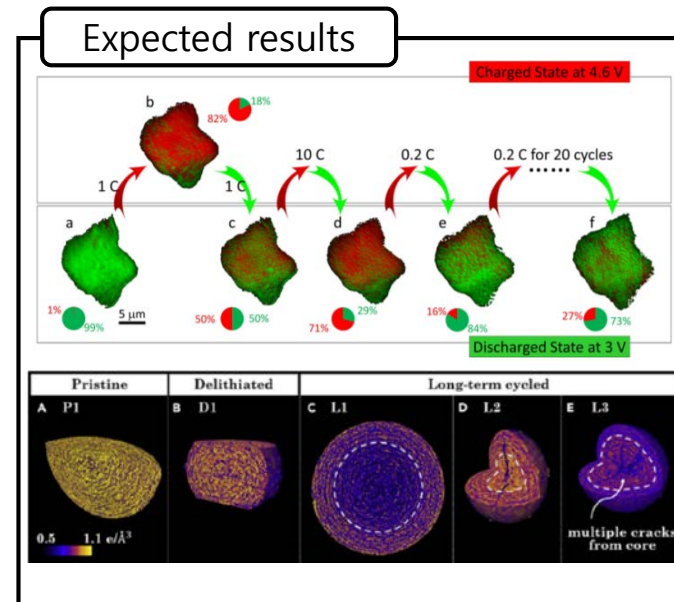
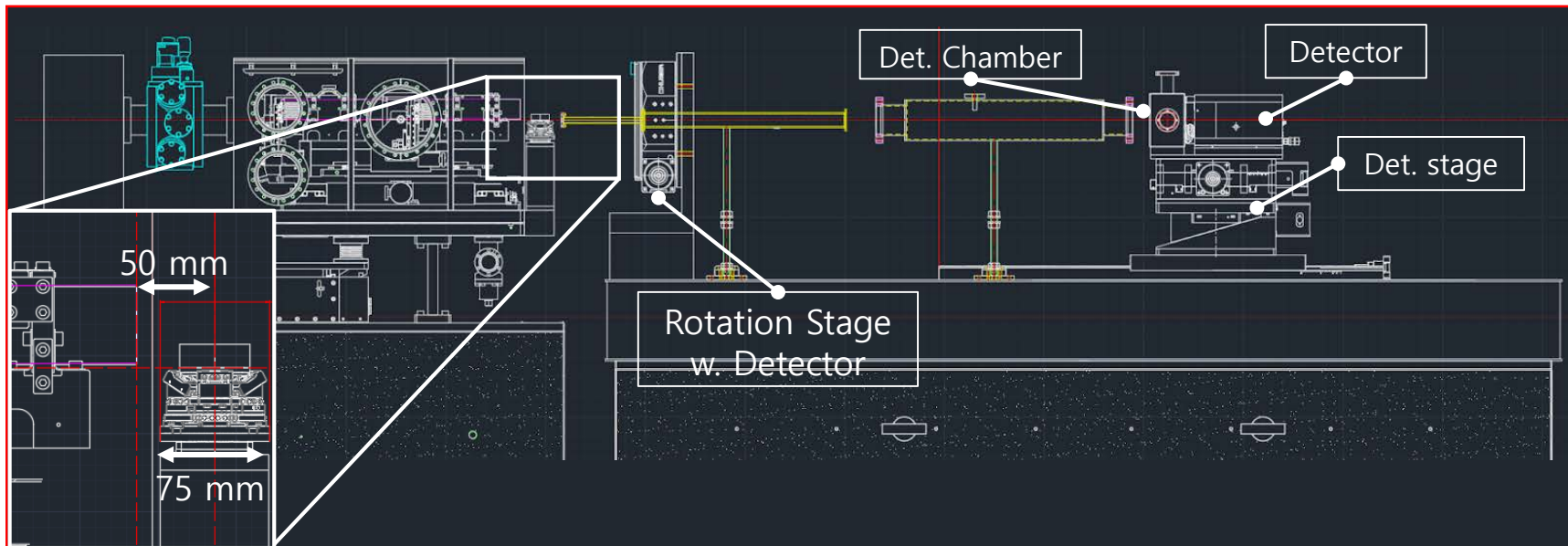




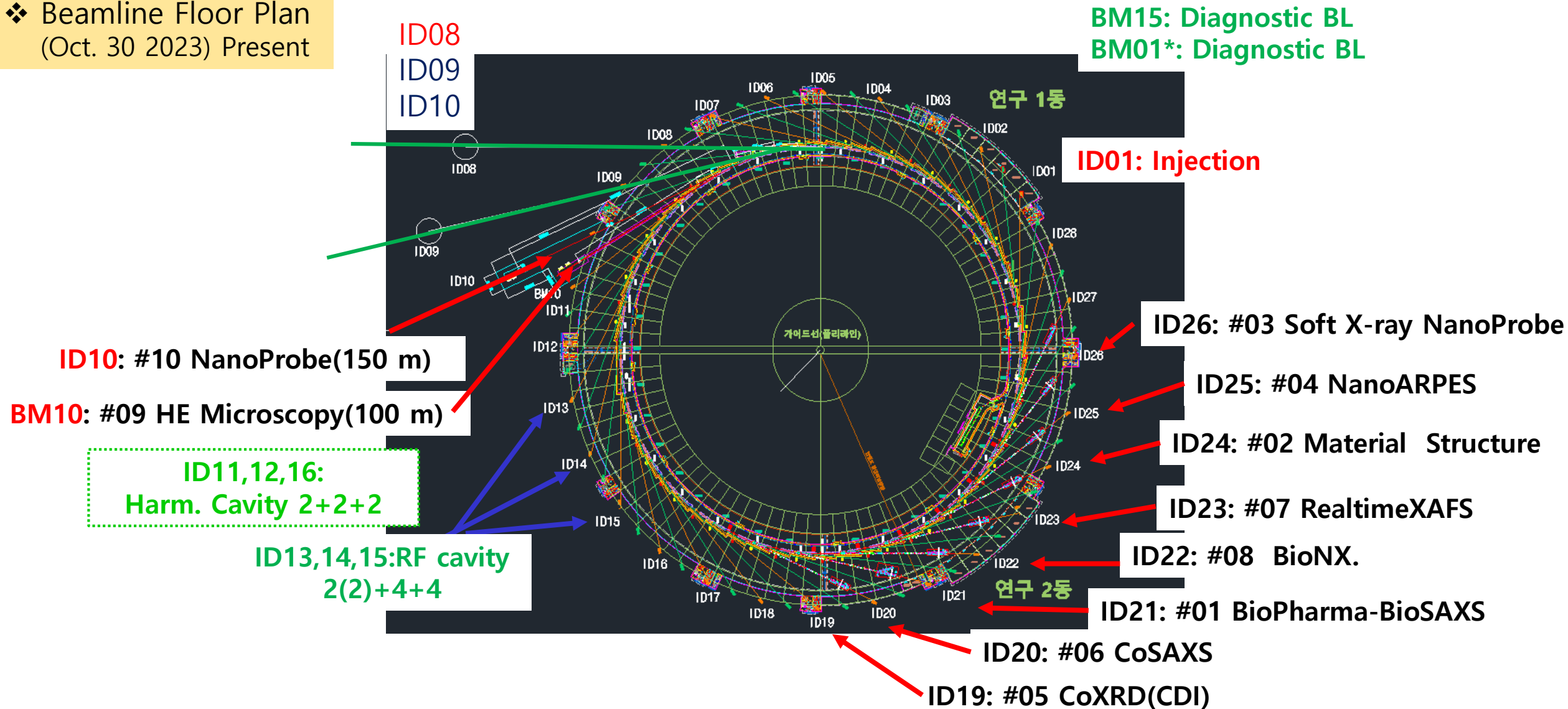
❖ Beamline Goal

	Nano-Coherent imaging	Nano-Scanning microscopy
Energy	5-25 keV	
Beam size	~ 100 nm	~ 50 nm
Exp.	In-situ Coherent imaging	Ptychography Nano-XRF Multimodal imaging
Resolution	< 50 nm (XRF), < 5 nm (Imaging)	
Photon flux	$10^9 - 10^{11}$ phs/s @ Sample	

❖ Design of endstation



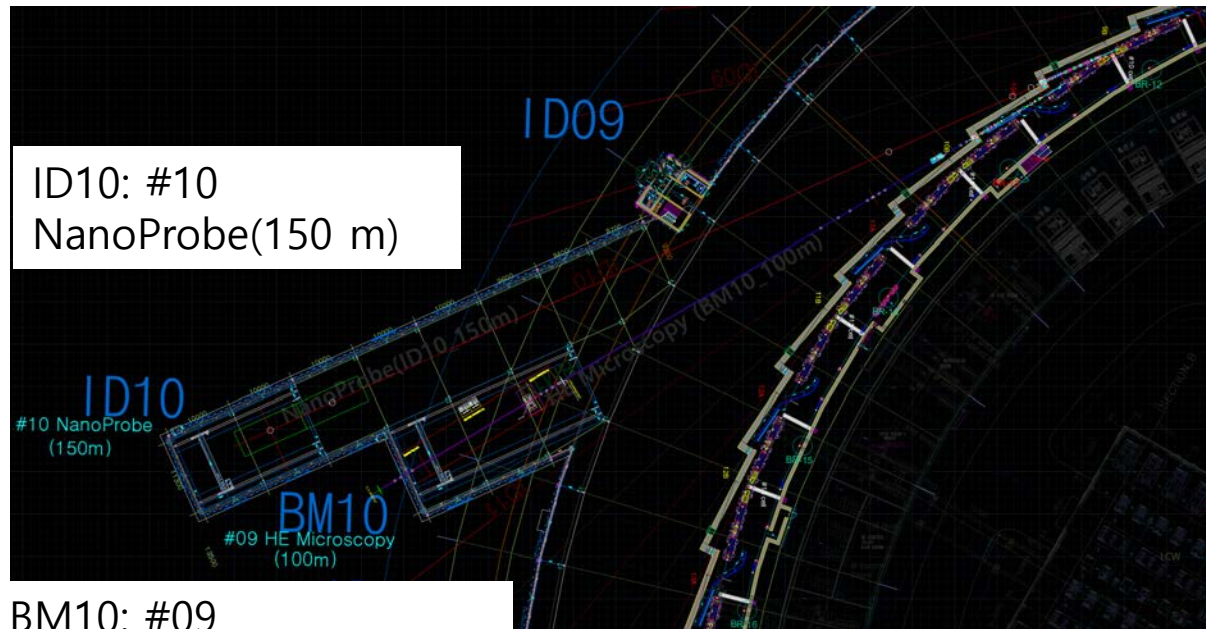
❖ Beamline Floor Plan (Oct. 30 2023) Present



❖ Long BL

- **09. HE Microscopy BL(L=100 m)**
- **10. NanoProbe BL(L=150 m)**

- Key point
 - Vibration
 - Radiation Safety
 - Thermal stability

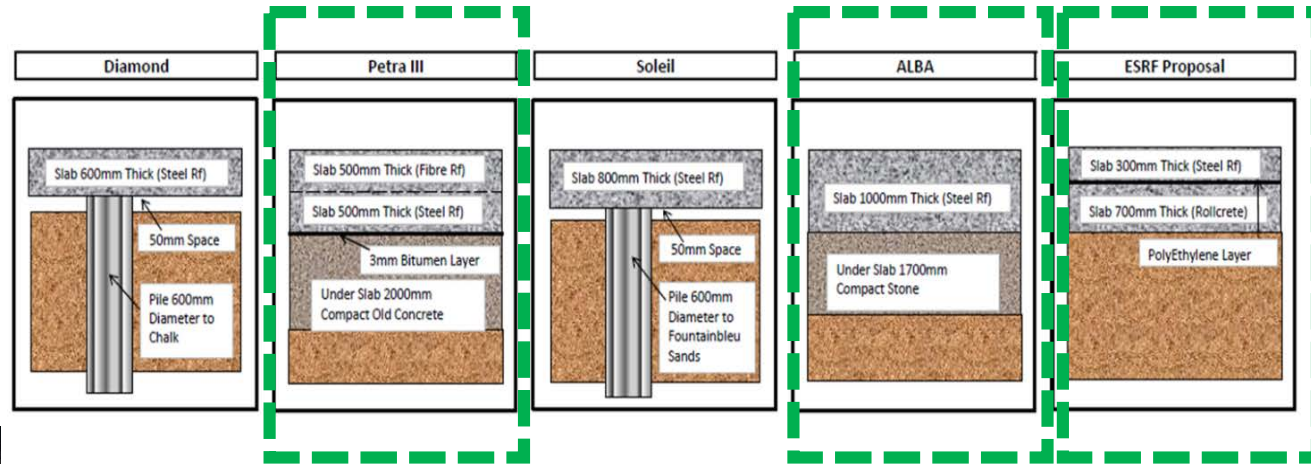


ID10: #10
NanoProbe(150 m)

ID09: #09
HE Microscopy (100m)

BM10: #09
HE microscope(100 m)

- Slab for Vibration Damping
 - 1 m Slab structure
 - Similar to Petra-III, ALBA, ESRF-EBS.

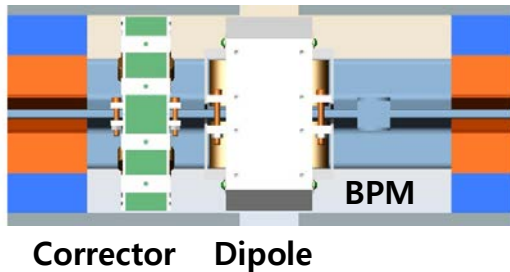
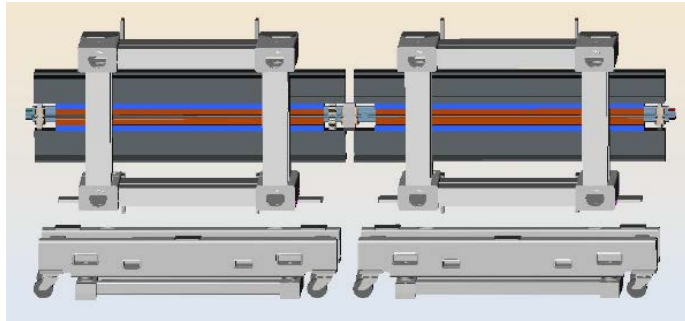


- Radiation Safety : PTL and Exp. Hutch Concrete
 - HE Microscopy : 5 ~ 100 keV
 - NanoProbe : 5 ~ 25 keV
- House in house hutch structure

Canted BL Available (for Phase-II)

- 1 mrad canted study for 4GSR
- ➔ Apply to design

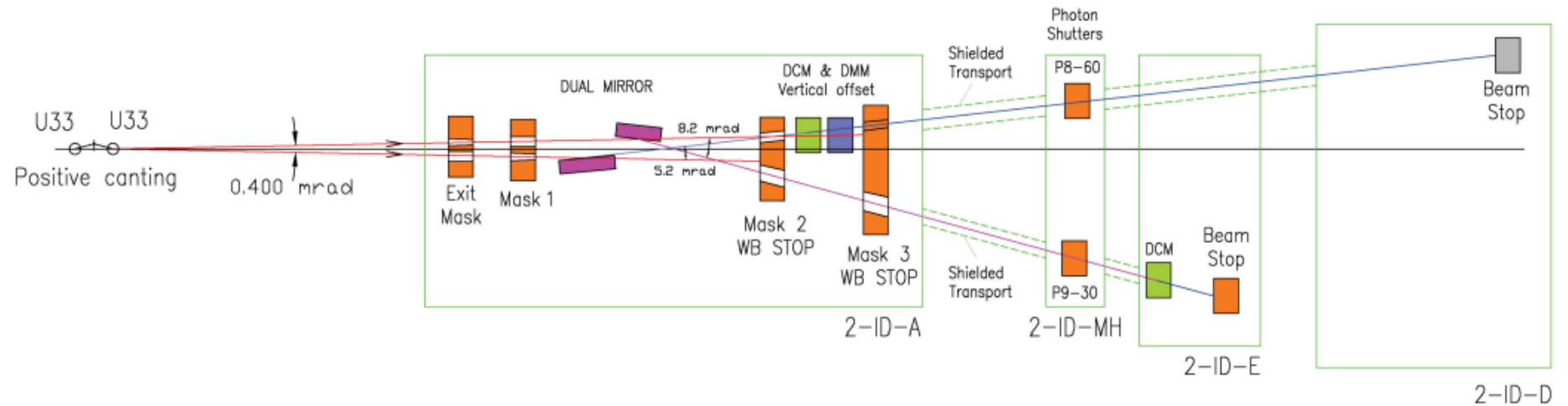
Undulator Configuration



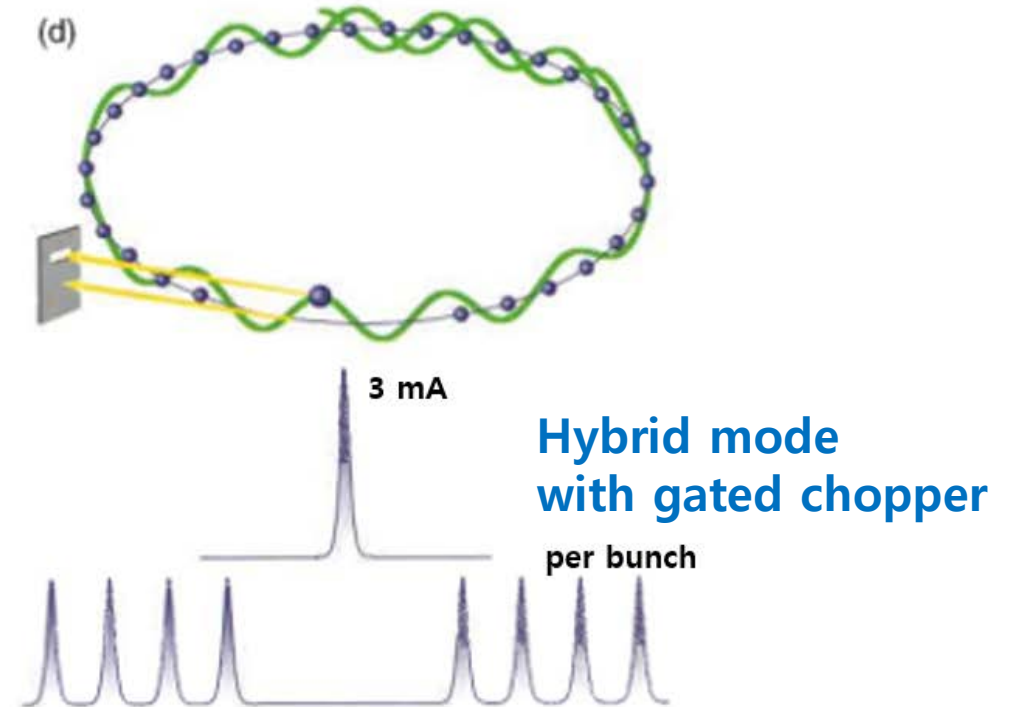
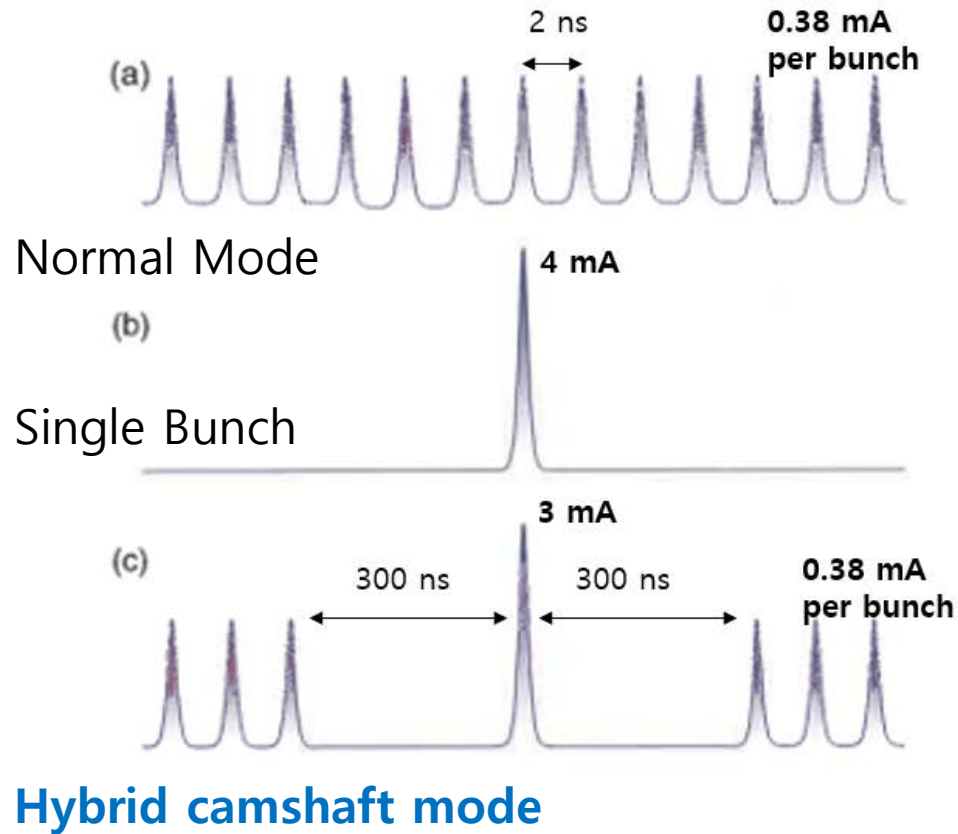
Example)

- APS 2-ID BEAMLINE, UPGRADE TO CANTED CONFIGURATION

- 0.4 mrad canted
- Two U33(L=2.4 m)



Considering Timing Structure (for Phase-II)



Beamline	Photon Energy	Resolution	Photon Source	Exp.	Application
① BioPharma-BioSAXS	5~25 keV	SAXS: 1 Å 이하 $\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	IVU24	① Bio-SAXS	Bio.
② Material Structure Analysis	5~40 keV	$\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	IVU24	① HRPD, XRD ② XAFS	Material Science, Energy material
③ Soft X-ray Nano-probe	0.1~5.0 keV	sub-micro beam $\Delta E/E > 15 \times 10^{-4} @ 1 \text{keV}$	EPU78 +IVU24	① XAS ② XPS	Semiconductor, Material Science * Tandem U., Two Branched Beamline
④ Nanoscale Angle-resolved Photoemission Spectroscopy	0.1~2 keV Optimize: 50 ~ 200 eV	100 nm < $\Delta E/E < 10^{-4}$	EPU98	① Nano-ARPES	Semiconductor, Material Science *Two Branched Beamline
⑤ Coherent X-ray Diffraction	3~30 keV	sub-micro beam	IVU24	① XRD ② CDI	Semiconductor, Material Science Geosciences, Chemistry
⑥ Coherent Small-angle X-ray Scattering	4~40 keV Optimize: 8-17 keV	~ a few nm ~ μm $\Delta E/E < 2 \times 10^{-4}$	IVU20	① SAXS/WAXS (GI 기법 포함) ② XPCS	Material Science, Chemistry
⑦ Real-time X-ray Absorption Fine Structure	5~40 keV	~ a few μm	IVU24	① XAFS	Material Science, Environments, Geosciences, Chemistry
⑧ Bio Nano crystallography	5~20 keV	1 Å <	IVU20	① MX	Bio.
⑨ High Energy Microscopy	5 ~ 100 keV	Spatial R. ~ 0.1 μm	Centerbend	① Projection imaging	Material Science, Energy material, Bio * Spatial Resolution : 0.1 μm \rightarrow 0.3-0.5 μm
⑩ Nano-probe	5~25 keV	~50nm NanoProbe	IVU24	① Ptychography /XRF	Semiconductor, Material Science, Geosciences,

Priority support for industries

Support for Academic R&D

Summary

Goal : Prepare Another Successful Playground for Science

- Overview of beamline construction status.
- High Heat Load devices(PBPM, Mask, DCM) need study & developing.
- Human resources training and planning.
- Need to adapt and introduce for contemporary experimental method.

From Naturejobs Blog



Thanks to:

All 4GSR Project Supporting Division

